

# ISOSCAN® EDS440/441

Insulation fault locators for localisation of insulation faults in unearthed DC, AC and three-phase power supply systems (IT systems)

From serial number: 1810...





# ISOSCAN® EDS440/441

Insulation fault locators for localisation of insulation faults in unearthed DC, AC and three-phase power supply systems (IT systems)



# **Device features**

- Universal system concept
- · Modular design, therefore easily adjustable to the given circumstances
- Measuring current transformers available in various sizes and versions
- · CT connection monitoring
- 12 measuring channels for measuring current transformer series W..., WR...,
- · Optional extension by 12 relay channels
- · Fault memory behaviour selectable
- Up to 50 EDS insulation fault locators in the system, 600 measuring channels
- Response sensitivity: EDS440 2...10 mA, EDS441 0.2...1 mA
- AC residual current measurement with configurable response value
- Two alarm relays with one N/O contact each
- N/O or N/C operation selectable
- · External test/reset
- Central indication of faulty outgoing circuits
- Serial interface RS-485, BS bus address range 2...79
- · Connection to higher-level control and visualisation systems possible

## Certifications







#### **Product description**

The insulation fault locators ISOSCAN® EDS44x are used in connection with the ISOMETER® iso685-D-P or the locating current injector PGH to locate insulation faults in unearthed power supply systems (IT systems).

They detect locating current signals generated by the insulation monitoring device iso685-D-P or IRDH575 or the locating current injector PGH and evaluate them correspondingly. Up to 12 measuring current transformers can be connected to an EDS44x. In total, up to 50 insulation fault locators can be connected via an RS-485 interface (BS bus protocol) and thereby up to 600 outgoing circuits can be monitored.

## Application

- · Insulation fault location in AC, 3AC and DC IT systems
- Main circuits and control circuits in industrial plants and ships
- · Diode-decoupled DC IT systems in power plants
- · Systems for medical locations

#### **Function description**

When an insulation monitoring device detects the occurrence of an insulation fault, it starts the insulation fault location.

In the event of a first insulation fault, a residual current flows in IT systems that is primarily defined by the system leakage capacitances. The basic idea of the fault location is therefore closing the fault current circuit for a short period of time via a defined resistance. Due to this principle, a locating current, which contains an evaluable signal, is driven through the system voltage.

The locating current is generated by the locating current injector at regular intervals. It is limited in amplitude and time. Thereby, the system conductors are alternately connected to earth via a defined resistance. The resulting locating current depends on the size of the existing insulation fault and the system voltage. It is limited depending on the settings. During project planning it is important to observe that, even in unfavourable cases, there is no system part on which this locating current may cause harmful reactions.

The locating current flows from the locating current injector via the live lines to the insulation fault position taking the shortest way. From there, it flows through the insulation fault and the PE back to the locating current injector. This locating current pulse is detected by the measuring current transformer on the insulation fault path and signalled by the connected insulation fault locator.

## **Device variants**

#### EDS44...-L

Alarm messages are directly indicated on the device display

## EDS44...-S

Alarm messages are displayed on the respective ISOMETER®

# Option "W"

Devices with the suffix "W" feature increased shock and vibration resistance. The electronics is covered with a special varnish to provide increased protection against mechanical stress and moisture.

## Standards

Observe the applicable national and international standards. The EDS44x series meets the device standards:

- DIN VDE 0100-410 (VDE 0100-410):2007-06
- DIN EN 61557-9 (VDE 0413-9):2015-10
- IEC 61557-9:2014-12
- DIN EN 50155 (VDE 0115-200):2010-11



## **System variants**

The insulation fault locators EDS440 and EDS441 differ depending on their response sensitivity.

The EDS440 is suitable for main circuits. The EDS441 can be used in control circuits and in circuits in medical locations.

	-L	-S	-LAB-4
EDS440	<ul> <li>LED</li> <li>BS bus</li> <li>I<sub>∆L</sub> = 210 mA</li> <li>Main circuits</li> <li>Digital inputs and outputs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No LED</li> <li>BB bus</li> <li>I<sub>∆L</sub> = 210 mA</li> <li>Main circuits</li> <li>No internal voltage supply</li> </ul>	
EDS441	<ul> <li>LED</li> <li>BS bus</li> <li>I<sub>∆L</sub> = 0.21 mA</li> <li>Control circuits</li> <li>Digital inputs and outputs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No LED</li> <li>BB bus</li> <li>I<sub>∆L</sub> = 0.21 mA</li> <li>Control circuits</li> <li>No internal voltage supply</li> </ul>	LED     BS bus     I <sub>ΔL</sub> = 0.21 mA*     Control circuits     WAB measuring current transformer     Digital inputs and outputs

<sup>\*</sup> High response sensitivity with large system leakage capacitances.

#### Operating and display elements EDS44x

#### EDS440-S



# EDS440-L



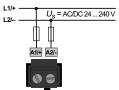
- 1 The "ON" LED flashes until the device is ready for operation during power up.
  - The "ON" LED lights up when the device is turned on. A current transformer connection test is carried out every hour. During the test, the "ON" LED flashes.
- 2 The "COM/ADDR." LED flashes quickly while the device communicates via the RS-485 interface.
  During insulation fault location, the LED flashes to indicate that the locating current injector is sending out a pulse: During the pulse phase, the LED is lit; during the pause, it is not lit. In the LAB procedure, the pulse can last up to one minute. Therefore, no constant "flashing" of the COM LED can be seen. The LED lights up continuously for the pulse time of up to 1 minute.
- 3 The "SERVICE" LED lights up either when there is a device error, a connection fault of the measuring current transformers or an error message e.g. due to low-frequency residual currents, external magnetic fields, etc.
- 4 The "ALARM  $I_{\Delta L}$ " LED signals the main alarm. The LED lights when an insulation fault is detected (EDS function) on one of the measuring channels.
- 5 The "ALARM  $I_{\Delta n}$ " LED lights up if the set response value for residual currents is exceeded. The factory setting for the response value is 10 A for the EDS440 and 1 A for the EDS441.

- 6 The channel LEDs "1"..."12" light up:
  - A channel LED lights up if an insulation fault is detected on the respective measuring channel or if there is a residual current alarm.
  - The channel LEDs "1"..."12" flash:
  - If there is a connection fault of the measuring current transformer, the channel LED flashes slowly (1 Hz).
  - If there is an interference during insulation fault location, the channel LED flashes quickly (2 Hz).
- 7 Pressing the TEST button triggers the self test of the device.
   In the address assignment mode, the address can be set in steps of ten. (+10)
- 8 You can reset the fault memory using the RESET button. The fault memory can only be reset if it is activated and the fault has been eliminated.
  - In the address assignment mode, the address can be set in steps of one. (+1)
- 9 Pressing the button for 3 seconds activates the address assignment mode. In the address assignment mode, the address can be set in steps of one (+1 and -1) and steps of ten (+10).
- 10 Addr. Mode: Indication of the present tens counter by means of the channel LEDs 10, 11 and 12.



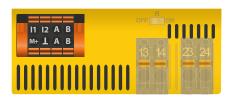
# Connection to the voltage supply

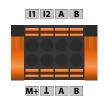




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## Connection to the X1 interface





l1	Input 1	M+	Dig. current output
12	Input 2	1	Ground
Α	RS-485 A (input)	A	RS-485 A (output)
В	RS-485 B (input)	В	RS-485 B (output)

# **Connection of relays**

Alarm relay 1





# **BS** bus termination

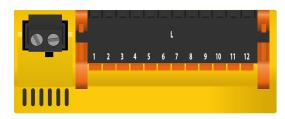




Activating a terminating resistor to define the first and the last device in the bus system.

<b>ON</b> First and last device in a bus	OFF	es between the first ast device in the bus
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## Connection to the k1-12/l1-12 interface



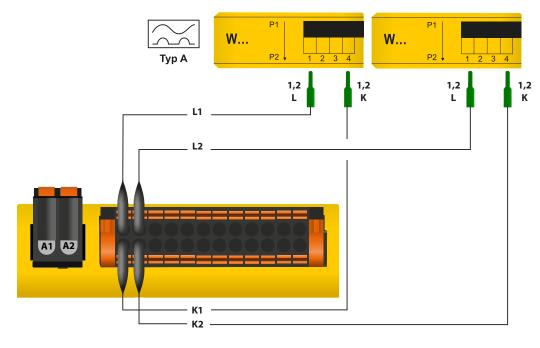
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 110 111 112
_=============
000000000000
k1 k2 k3 k4 k5 k6 k7 k8 k9 k10 k11 k12

<b>I</b> 1	Measuring CT 1	k1
12	Measuring CT 2	k2
13	Measuring CT 3	k3
14	Measuring CT 4	k4
•••	***	•••
l12	Measuring CT 12	k12



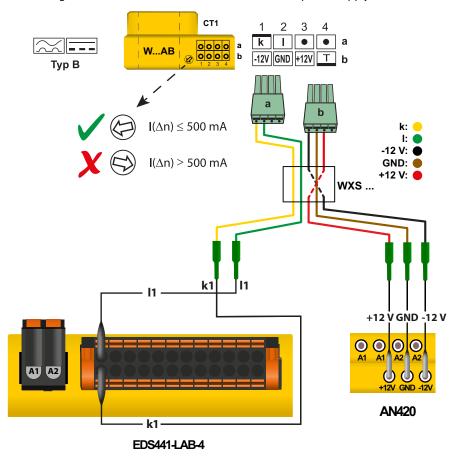
## Connection measuring current transformer W..., WR..., WS... series

For insulation fault location, the measuring current transformers of the W... (closed), WR... (rectangular) and WS... (split-core) series are used.



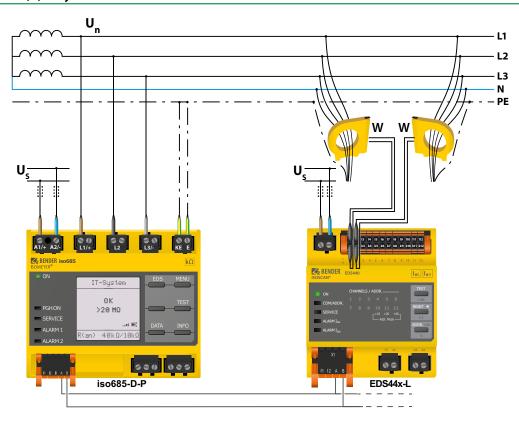
## Connecting measuring current transformers of the W...AB series to EDS441-LAB

To use the EDS441-LAB with the maximum locating current of  $\leq$  1.8 mA, the closed measuring current transformers of the W...AB series are required. For every 6 measuring current transformers of the W...AB series, one power supply unit AN420 or AN110 is required.

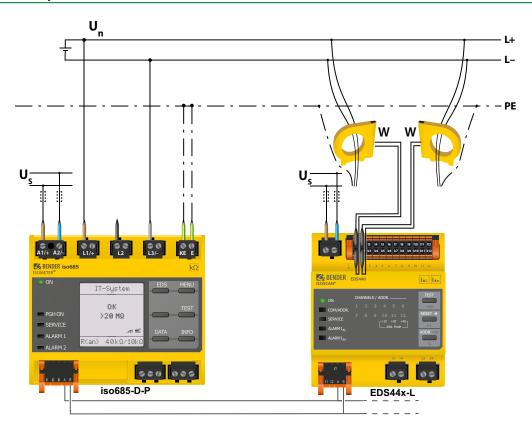




# Wiring diagram to 3(N)AC system with iso685

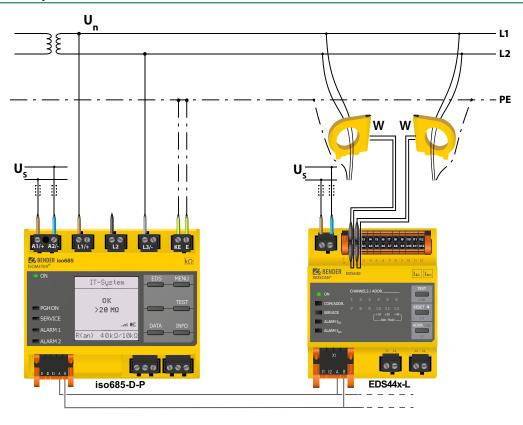


# Wiring diagram to DC system with iso685

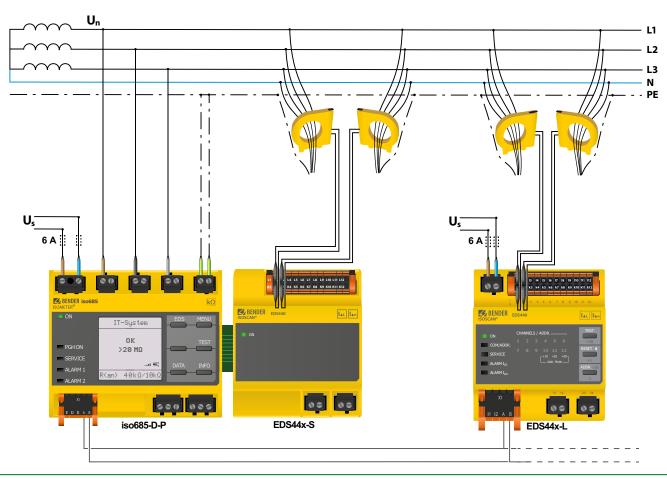




# Wiring diagram to AC system with iso685



# Connection example: iso685, EDS440-S and EDS440-L





1M3

≤ 2000 m above sea level

# **Technical data**

Insulation coordination		LEDs	
-	46.350.1/		
Rated insulation voltage (IEC 60664-1)	AC 250 V	ON (operation LED)	greer
Rated impulse voltage (IEC 60664-1)	4 kV	COM	yellov
Overvoltage category	III	SERVICE	yellov
Pollution degree	2	$I_{\Delta L}$ ALARM	yellov
Protective separation (reinforced insulation) between (A1,A2)	)-(13,14)-(23,24)-(X1,X2,X3)	I <sub>Δn</sub> ALARM	yellov
Voltage test acc. to IEC 61010-1	2.2 kV	112 channel indication	yellow
Supply voltage		Digital inputs	
Supply voltage range $U_{\rm S}$	AC/DC 24240 V	Number	2
Tolerance of $U_{S}$	-20+15%	Operating mode, adjustable	active high, active low
Frequency range of $U_{S}$	DC, 50400 Hz 1) 2)	Function	none, test, rese
Tolerance of the frequency range of $U_{\rm S}$	-5+15 %	Voltage level	Low DC -55 V, High DC 1132 \
Power consumption, typically 50 Hz (400 Hz) EDS44L	≤4 W/7 VA (≤4 W, 28 VA)	B	
Power consumption, typically (DC via BB-Bus) EDS44S	≤1 W	Digital current output	
Response values		Number	1
<u> </u>	2 10 1	Function	none, $I_{\Delta L}$ alarm, $I_{\Delta n}$ alarm, device fault,
Response value insulation fault location (I <sub>ΔL</sub> ) EDS440	210 mA		transformer connection fault, common alarm
Response value insulation fault location (I <sub>ΔL</sub> ) EDS441	0.21 mA	Current	0 mA DC inactive, 20 mA DC active
Relative uncertainty (I <sub>ΔL</sub> ) EDS440	±30 %, ±2 mA <sup>3)</sup>	Tolerance	±10 %
Relative uncertainty (I <sub>ΔL</sub> ) EDS441	$\pm 30 \%$ , $\pm 0.2 \text{ mA}^{3)}$	Burden resistance	$R \le 500 \Omega / P_{R} \ge 0.25 \mathrm{W}$
Response value residual current measurement ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) EDS440	100 mA10 A	Buzzer	
Response value residual current measurement ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) EDS441	100 mA1 A		
Relative uncertainty ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) EDS44x (4260 Hz	±5 %	Number	1
Relative uncertainty (/An) EDS44x (611000 Hz)	-200 %	Function none, $I_{\Delta L}$ alarm, $I_{\Delta}$	$_{\scriptscriptstyle \mathrm{n}}$ alarm, device fault, transformer connection fault,
Hysteresis	20 %		insulation fault location active, common alarm
Time response		Interfaces	
Scanning time for all channels insulation fault location ( $I_{\Delta L}$ )	profile-dependent, min. 6 s	Interface/protocol	RS-485/BS
Response time residual current measurement $(I_{\Delta n})$	≤ 400 ms	Data rate	9600 baud/s
Response time for measuring current transformer monitoring	max.18 min	Cable length	≤ 1200 m
<u> </u>		Cable: twisted pair, one end of shield connected t	o PE recommended: J-Y (St) Y min. 2x0.8
Measuring circuit		Connection	X1.A, X1.B
Nominal system voltage $U_n$ EDS440 refer to locating current injecto	r (e.g. ISOMETER® iso685-D-P)	Terminating resistor	120 $\Omega$ , can be connected internally
	20276 V, DC 20308 V	Device address, BS bus	0, 279 (optional 0, 2159)
Measuring current transformer external for EDS440 type	W, WR, WS	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Measuring current transformer external for EDS441 type	W/8000, WS/8000	Switching elements	
Measuring current transformer external for EDS44x-LAB type	WAB	Number	2 N/O contacts
Load EDS440	47 Ω	Operating mode	N/C operation/N/O operation
Load EDS441	1.5 Ω	Function contact 13,14	none, $I_{\Delta L}$ alarm, $I_{\Delta n}$ alarm, device fault,
Rated insulation voltage (measuring current transformer)	800 V	· uncuon contact 15/1.	transformer connection fault, common alarm
nated insulation voitage (measuring current transformer)	000 V	Function contact 23,24	none, $I_{\Delta L}$ alarm, $I_{\Delta n}$ alarm, device fault,
Connection EDS measuring current transformer			transformer connection fault, common alarm
Single wire ≥ 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	01 m	Electrical endurance under rated operat	ing conditions 30000
Single wire, twisted $\geq 0.75 \text{ mm}^2$	110 m	Rated operational voltage	250 VAC
Shielded cable $\geq 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$	1040 m	Rated operational current	7 A
Recommended cable (shielded, shield connected to PE on one side)	J-Y (St) Y min. 2x0.8	Rated insulation voltage	4 kV
	2 1 (2 4) 1 11111	Max. switching capacity	300 W/2770 VA
Measuring ranges insulation fault location I <sub>AL</sub>		Max. switching capacity	30 VDC/277 VAC
Rated frequency range	DC, 16.71000 Hz		
Measuring range insulation fault location (I <sub>AL</sub> ) EDS440	1.525 mA	Environment/EMC	
Measuring range insulation fault location ( $I_{\Delta L}$ ) EDS441	0.155 mA	EMC	IEC 61326-2-4
Max. residual current	see diagrams in manual	Ambient temperatures:	
Measuring ranges residual current measurement $I_{\Delta n}$		Operating temperature	-25+55 °C
		Transport	-40+85 °C
Measuring range residual current measurement ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) EDS440	100 mA20 A	Storage	-25+70 °C
Rated frequency range EDS440	501000 Hz		
Measuring range residual current measurement ( $I_{\Delta n}$ ) EDS441	100 mA2 A	Classification of climatic conditions	
Rated frequency range EDS441	5060 Hz	Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3K5 (no condensation, no formation of ice)
		Transport (IEC 60721-3-2)	2K3
		Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)	1K4
		Classification of mechanical conditi	ons acc. to IEC 60721:
		Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3M4
		Transport (IEC 60721-3-2)	2M2
		Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)	1M3

Long-term storage (IEC 60721-3-1)

Range of use



# **Technical data (continuation)**

Connection				
Connection type	pluggable screw-type terr	ninal	or push-wire	terminal
Screw-type terminal:				
Tightening torque		0.5.	.0.6 Nm (5	. 7 lb-in)
Conductor sizes			AV	VG 24-12
Stripping length				7 mm
rigid/flexible			0.2	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
flexible with ferrules, with/without	plastic sleeve			.2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multiple conductor, rigid			0.2.	1 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multiple conductor, flexible				.1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multiple conductor, flexible with fer				1 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multiple conductor, flexible withTW	IN ferrule with plastic sleev	e	0.5	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Push-wire terminals:				
Conductor sizes			AV	VG 24-12
Stripping length				10 mm
rigid/flexible			0.2	.2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
flexible with ferrules, with/without	plastic sleeve		0.25	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Multiple conductor, flexible withTW	IN ferrule with plastic sleev	re	0.5	.1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Push-wire terminals X1, X2:				
Conductor sizes			AV	VG 24-16
Stripping length				10 mm
rigid/flexible			0.2	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
flexible with ferrule without plastic	sleeve		0.25	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
flexible with TWIN ferrule with plass	tic sleeve		0.250	).75 mm <sup>2</sup>

Other		
Operating mode		continuous operation
Mounting	at an ambient temperatu	re >55 °C vertical mounting required
		mperature <55 °C mounting optional
Degree of protection into	ernal components	IP40
Degree of protection teri	ninals	IP20
DIN rail mounting acc. to		IEC 60715
Screw fixing		2 x M4 with mounting clip
Enclosure material		polycarbonate
Flammability class		UL 94V-0
Dimensions (W x H x D)		72 x 93 x 63
Documentation number		D00201
Weight		approx. 122 g (EDS44x-S)
-		approx. 242 g (EDS44x-L)

#### Option "W" data different from the standard version

Devices with the suffix "W" feature increased shock and vibration resistance. The electronics is covered with a special varnish to provide increased protection against mechanical stress and moisture.

Ambient temperatures:	
Operating temperature	-40+70 °C
Transport	-40+85 °C
Long-term storage	-40+70 ℃

Classification of climatic condition	ns acc. to IEC 60721:
Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3)	3K5 (condensation and

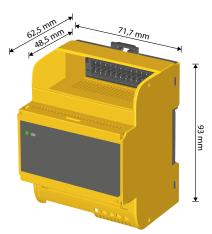
d formation of ice possible)

# Classification of mechanical conditions acc. to IEC 60721:

Stationary use (IEC 60721-3-3) 3M7

## **Dimension diagram**

Dimensions in mm



 $<sup>^{1)}=</sup>$  at a frequency >200 Hz, connection of X1 and k1-12/l1-12 must be insulated. Only permanently installed devices which at least have overvoltage category CAT2 (300V) may be connected.

 $<sup>^{2)}\,=</sup>$  only 50/60 Hz are permitted for UL applications.

 $<sup>^{3)}=</sup>$  effect of a residual current > 100 mA results in a greater relative uncertainty.



# **Ordering information**

Supply voltage <b>U</b> S <sup>1)</sup>	Response value	lue	Туре	Art. no.					
AC/DC	nesponse value		-40+70°C, 3K5, 3M7	1790	Arti IIO.				
	210 mA	-	-	EDS440-S-1	B91080201				
				EDS440W-S-1	B91080201W				
		_	-	EDS440-L-4	B91080202				
		-		EDS440W-L-4 B91080202W					
24240 V	0.21 mA	-	-	EDS441-S-1	B91080204				
24240 V				EDS441W-S-1	B91080204W				
			-	EDS441-L-4	B91080205				
		U.Z1 MA	_	_	_	_	-	EDS441W-L-4	B91080205W
		•	-	EDS441-LAB-4	B91080207				
				EDS441W-LAB-4	B91080207W				

<sup>1)</sup> Absolute values

# Suitable system components

Supply voltage <i>U</i> s	Туре	Art. no.
AC/DC 24 V $\pm$ 20 %	DI-1PSM (RS-485 repeater)	B95012044
Supplied by USB interface	DI-2USB (interface converter RS-485/USB) with USB cable	B95012045
12-fold relay module	IOM441-S (input/output mudule)	B95012057
AC, 100250 V 50/60 Hz, DC $\pm$ 12 V DC, 100250 V, DC $\pm$ 12 V	AN420 (power supply unit for WAB current transformers)	B74053100 B94053100
AC 230 V, 50/60 Hz AC, DC 20 V	AN471 (power supply unit for DI-1 or DI-2)	B924189
-	Snap-on mounting W20/35	B98080501
-	Snap-on mounting W60	B98080502

# Accessories

Description	Art. no.
Plug kit, screw terminals <sup>1)</sup>	B91080901
Plug kit, push-wire terminals	B91080902
Mechanical accessories (terminal cover, 2 mounting clips) 1)	B91080903
BB bus 4TE Connector 2)	B98110002

<sup>1)</sup> included in the scope of delivery

# Measuring current transformer for EDS440

Design type	Internal diameter/mm	Туре	Art. no.
circular	20	W20	B98080003
	35	W35	B98080010
	60	W60	B98080018
	120	W120	B98080028
	210	W210	B98080034
split-core	20 x 30	WS20x30	B98080601
	50 x 80	WS50x80	B98080603
	80 x 120	WS80x120	B98080606

# Alternative measuring current transformer from the Bender program

Design type	Internal diameter/mm	Туре	Art. no.
	10	W10/600	B911761
	20	W0-S20	B911787
circular	35	W1-S35	B911731
	70	W2-S70	B911732
	105	W3-S105	B911733
	140	W4-S140	B911734
	210	W5-S210	B911735
	70x175	WR 70x175S	B911738
	115x305	WR 115x305S	B911739
rectangular	150x350	WR 150x350S	B911740
	200x500	WR 200x500S	B911763
split-core	50x80	WS 50x80S	B911741
	80x80	WS 80x80S	B911742
	80x120	WS 80x120S	B911743
	80x160	WS 80x160S	B911755

For further information regarding the measuring current transformers, refer to the respective data sheets.

<sup>2)</sup> included in the scope of delivery of EDS44x-S-4



## Measuring current transformer for EDS441

Design type	Internal diameter/mm	Туре	Art. no.
circular	20	W20-8000	B98080009
	35	W35-8000	B98080017
	60	W60-8000	B98080027
split-core	20 x 30	WS20x30-8000	B98080602
	50 x 80	WS50x80-8000	B98080604

#### Alternative measuring current transformer from the Bender program

Design type	Internal diameter/mm	Туре	Art. no.
circular	10	W10/8000	B911759
	35	W1-35/8000	B911756
circular, 6-fold	10	W10/8000-6	B911900
split-core	20 x 30	WS20x30/8000	B911764
	50 x 80	WS50x80/8000	B911757

For further information regarding the measuring current transformers, refer to the respective data sheets.

#### Measuring current transformer for EDS441-LAB

Design type	Internal diameter/mm	Туре	Art. no.
circular	20	W20AB	B98080008
	35	W35AB	B98080016
	60	W60AB	B98080026
	120	W120AB	B98080041
	210	W210AB	B98080040

#### Characteristic curve for response sensitivity

Network configuration, mains voltage, mains frequency, leakage capacitance and test current influence the responsiveness of the EDS system.

The resulting insulation resistance response value Ran is determined step by step using the formulas and diagrams.

- 1. Evaluation of system types 3AC, AC or DC
  - 3AC or AC system:  $U_n = 0.6 U_n$
  - DC system:  $U_n = 1.0 U_n$
- 2. Calculate the standardised response value  $R_{\rm an}(C_{\rm e}=0~\mu{\rm F})$  with an assumed leakage capacitance of  $C_e = 0 \mu F$  and the EDS response value  $I_{an} = 5$  mA:  $R_{an}(C_e = 0 \mu F) = U_n/I_{an}$
- 3. Extract correction factor K from the diagram by forming the product with evaluated  $U_n$  and real leakage capacitance  $C_e$ .
- 4. Calculate real response value:

$$R_{\rm an} = K \times R_{\rm an} (C_{\rm e} = 0 \ \mu F)$$

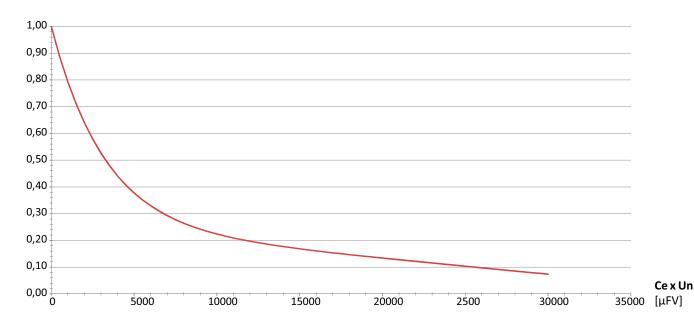
Example for a system with AC 230 V:

to 1) = 
$$138 \text{ V}$$

to 2) at 5 mA = 
$$27.6 \text{ k}\Omega$$

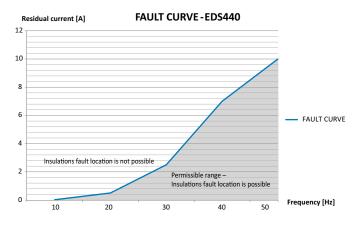
to 3) at 
$$10 \, \mu F = 0.8$$

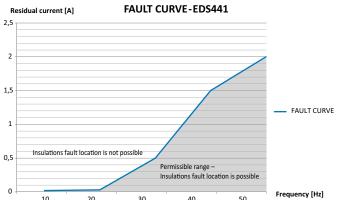
to 4) = 22 
$$k\Omega$$



#### Fault curve EDS440.../EDS441...

An insulation fault location beyond the grey area causes an error message. The EDS44...-L indicates error messages via flashing LEDs. Use an EDS44...-S, then the fault messages are indicated via the ISOMETER®.







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