



# **XC1008D-XC1011D- XC1015D and VGC810**

**(rel. 1.5A)**

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# 1. GENERAL WARNING

## 1.1 Please read before using this manual

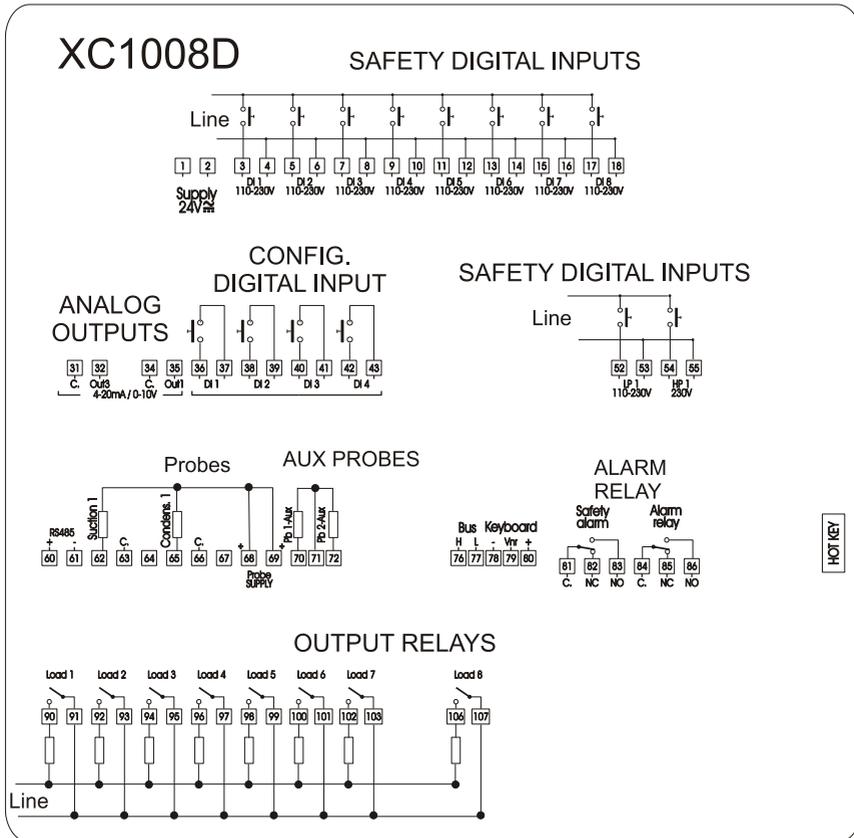
- This manual is part of the product and should be kept near the instrument for easy and quick reference.
- The instrument shall not be used for purposes different from those described hereunder. It cannot be used as a safety device.
- Check the application limits before proceeding.
- Dixell Srl reserves the right to change the composition of its products, even without notice, ensuring the same and unchanged functionality.

## 1.2 Safety Precautions

- Check the supply voltage is correct before connecting the instrument.
- Do not expose to water or moisture: use the controller only within the operating limits avoiding sudden temperature changes with high atmospheric humidity to prevent formation of condensation
- Warning: disconnect all electrical connections before any kind of maintenance.
- The instrument must not be opened.
- In case of failure or faulty operation send the instrument back to the distributor or to "DIXELL S.r.l." (see address) with a detailed description of the fault.
- Consider the maximum current which can be applied to each relay (see Technical Data).
- Ensure that the wires for probes, loads and the power supply are separated and far enough from each other, without crossing or intertwining.
- Fit the probe where it is not accessible by the end user.
- In case of applications in industrial environments, the use of mains filters (our mod. FT1) in parallel with inductive loads could be useful.

## 2. Wiring connections

### 2.1 XC1008D



**NOTE:** according to the models the **digital inputs:** (3-18) and (52-55) can operate at 230V/120V or 24V. Verify on the controller which is the right voltage that can be applied.

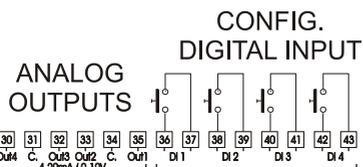
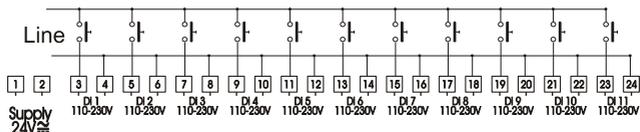
**ATTENTION**

Configurable digital inputs (term. 36-43) are free voltage.

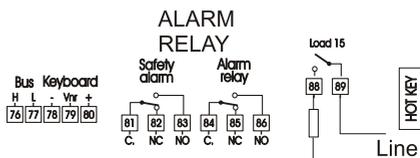
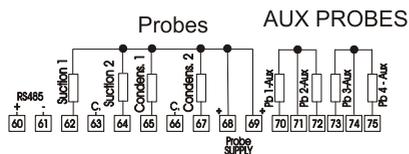
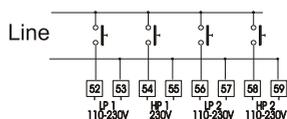
## 2.2 XC1011D

### XC1011D

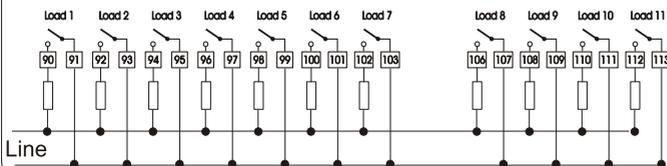
### SAFETY DIGITAL INPUTS



### SAFETY DIGITAL INPUTS



### OUTPUT RELAYS



**NOTE:** according to the models the **digital inputs**: (3-24) and (52-59) can operate at 230V/120V or 24V. Verify on the controller which is the right voltage that can be applied.

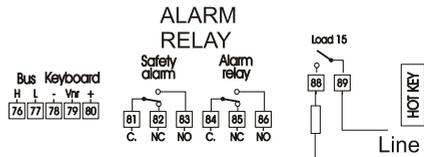
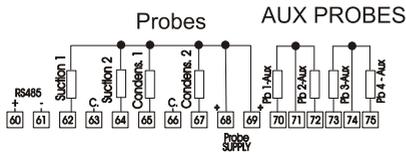
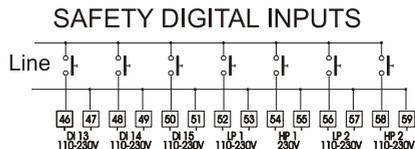
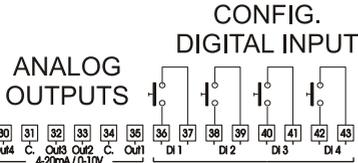
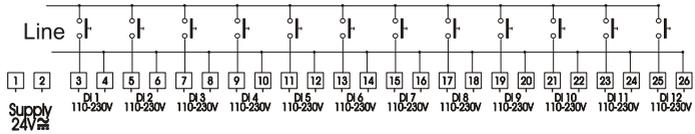
### ATTENTION

Configurable digital inputs (term. 36-43) are free voltage.

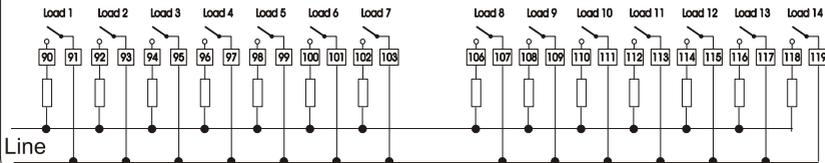
## 2.3 XC1015D

### XC1015D

### SAFETY DIGITAL INPUTS



### OUTPUT RELAYS



**NOTE:** according to the models the **digital inputs:** (3-26) and (46-59) can operate at 230V/120V or 24V. Verify on the controller which is the right voltage that can be applied.

### ATTENTION

Configurable digital inputs (term. 36-43) are free voltage.

## 2.4 Descriptions of the wiring connections

1 - 2 Power supply: **WARNING:** THE SUPPLY IS 24Vac/dc

3 –26 Digital inputs for safeties of compressors and fans – **main voltage**. When an d. i. is activated, the corresponding output is switched OFF. **Please note: the digital input 1 is linked to the relay 1 (C1); d.i. 2 to relay 2 (C2), etc.**

30-31 Analog output 4 (0-10V or 4-20mA depends on the parameter 3Q1)

**31-32 Analog output 3** (0-10V or 4-20mA depends on the parameter 3Q1)  
**34-35 Analog output 1** (0-10V or 4-20mA depends on the parameter 1Q1)  
**33-34 Analog output 2** (0-10V or 4-20mA depends on the parameter 1Q1)

**36-37 Configurable digital input 1** (free voltage)  
**38-39 Configurable digital input 2** (free voltage)  
**40-41 Configurable digital input 3** (free voltage)  
**42-43 Configurable digital input 4** (free voltage)

**46-51 Digital inputs for safeties of compressors and fans – main voltage.** When an d. i. is activated, the corresponding output is switched OFF. *Please note: the digital input 1 is linked to the relay 1 (C1); d.i. 2 to relay 2 (C2), etc.*

**52 - 53 Low pressure-switch input for circuit 1:** input at the same voltage of loads.

**54 - 55 High pressure-switch input for circuit 1:** input at the same voltage of loads.

**56 - 57 Low pressure-switch input for circuit 2:** input at the same voltage of loads.

**58 - 59 High pressure-switch input for circuit 2:** input at the same voltage of loads.

**60-61 RS485 output**

**62 –(63) or (68): Suction probe input for circuit 1:**  
with **AI1 = cur** or **rat** use 62 -68  
with **AI1 = ntc** or **ptc** use 62 -63

**64 –(63) or (68): Suction probe input for circuit 2:**  
with **AI1 = cur** or **rat** use 64 -68  
with **AI1 = ntc** or **ptc** use 64 -63

**65 –(66) or (69): Condensing probe input for circuit 1:**  
with **AI8 = cur** or **rat** use 65 -69  
with **AI8 = ntc** or **ptc** use 65 -66

**67 –(66) or (69): Condensing probe input for circuit 2:**  
with **AI8 = cur** or **rat** use 67 -69  
with **AI8 = ntc** or **ptc** use 67 -66

**70-71 Auxiliary probe 1**

**71-72 Auxiliary probe 2**

**73-74 Auxiliary probe 3**

**74-75 Auxiliary probe 4**

**78- 79- 80 Keyboard**

**81-82-83: Safety relay:** XC1000D off or damaged: 81-82 closed  
XC1000D working: 81-83 closed

**84-85-86: Alarm relay:**

88 - 103 and 106 - 119 Relay configurable outputs for compressors, fans, alarms and aux.  
 The functioning of the relays depends on the setting of the correspondent C(i).

### 3. User interface

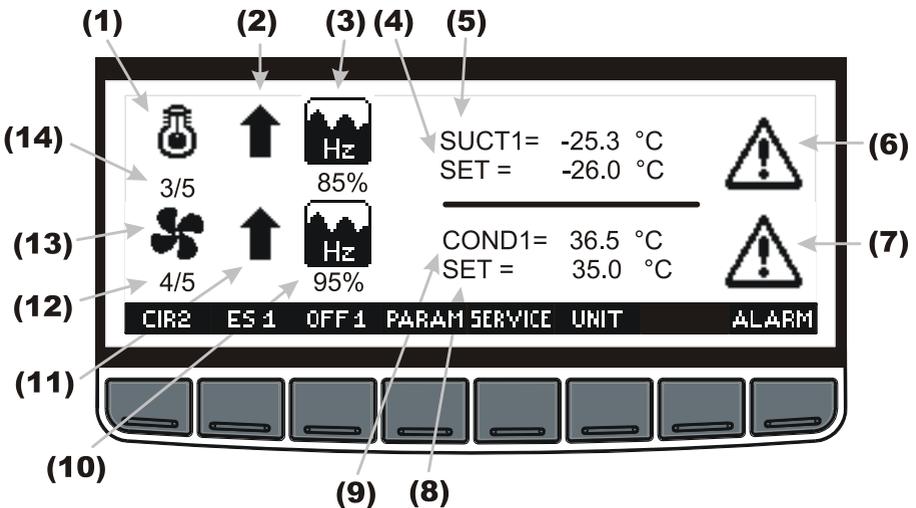
#### 3.1 What is displayed when the keyboard is connected



Where:  
 release: Rel Firmware XC1000D / release OS Visograph / release Program Visograph

Push the ENTER key to enter the standard visualization

#### 3.2 Display visualization



- (1) **Symbol of compressor:** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0.  
C0 = 1A0D; 1A1D, 2A0D, 2A1D, "2A2D
- (2) **Status of the suction section:**  
 The pressure (temperature) is below the regulation band and the capacity of the plant is decreasing  
 The pressure (temperature) is above the regulation band and the capacity of the plant is increasing
- (3) **Analog output status for frequency compressor:** it's present only if a frequency compressor is used. It displays the percentage of the analog output driving the inverter. Not present if the "free" analog output is used.
- (4) **Suction pressure (temperature) set point:** : it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0: 1A0D; 1A1D, 2A0D, 2A1D, "2A2D
- (5) **Current value of suction pressure (temperature):** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0: 1A0D; 1A1D, 2A0D, 2A1D, "2A2D
- (6) **Alarm:** it's display when an alarm happens in suction section
- (7) **Alarm:** it's display when an alarm happens in delivery section
- (8) **Delivery pressure (temperature) set point:** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0: 0A1D; 1A1D, 0A2D, 1A2D, "2A2D
- (9) **Current value of delivery pressure (temperature):** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0: 0A1D; 1A1D, 0A2D, 1A2D, "2A2D
- (10) **Analog output status for inverter for fan:** it's present only if an inverter for fan is used. It displays the percentage of the analog output driving the inverter. Not present if the "free" analog output is used.
- (11) **Status of the delivery section:**  
 The condenser pressure (temperature) is below the regulation band and the number of fans is decreasing  
 The condenser pressure (temperature) is above the regulation band and the number of fans is increasing
- (12) **Number of fans activated / Total number of fans** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0.  
C0: 0A1D; 1A1D, 0A2D, 1A2D, "2A2D  
**NOTE:** the total number of fans is referred to the number of available fans. Fans that are in "maintenance" or that are stopped by their own digital input aren't included.
- (13) **Symbol of fan:** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0.  
C0: 0A1D; 1A1D, 0A2D, 1A2D, "2A2D
- (14) **Number of compressors and steps activated / Total number of compressors and steps.** it's present for the following configuration of the parameter C0.

C0 = 1A0D; 1A1D, 2A0D, 2A1D, 2A2D

**NOTE:** the total number of compressors is referred to the number of available compressors. Compressors that are in “maintenance” or that are stopped by their own digital input aren’t included.

## Keys

**ALARM**

**Alarm:** to enter the alarm menu

**PARAM**

**Parameter:** to enter the parameter programming

**SERVICE**

**Service:** to enter the Service menu

**UNIT**

**Measurement unit:** to switch the probe visualization and set point from pressure to temperature and vice versa

**OFF 1**

**To switch the controller off:** hold pushed for 10s to switch the controller off (it’s enabled only if the parameter OT9 = yES)

**ES 1**

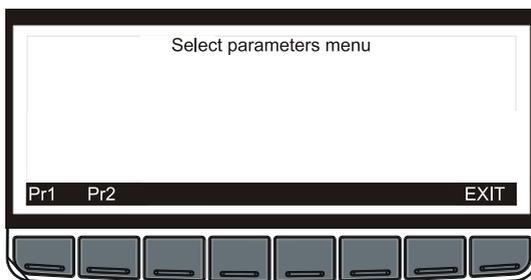
**Energy saving:** hold pushed for 10s to enable the energy saving cycle (the SET label starts flashing)

**CIR2**

**Circuit 2:** to pass to visualization of the variables of the second circuit, It’s present for the following configuration of the parameter C0: 0A2D; 2A0D, 2A2D.

## 3.3 Programming

Push the **PARAM** key and the programming menu is entered.



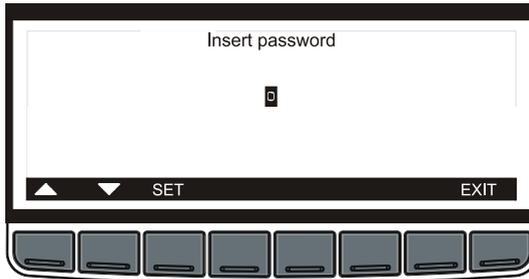
Parameters are collected in two menu:

Pr1: menu of parameters without password. Press the Pr1 key to enter.

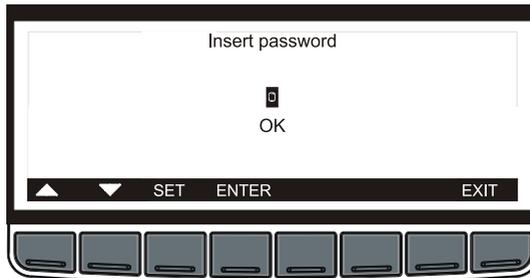
Pr2: menu of parameters with password. If the password is enabled, use the following procedure to put it.

### 3.3.1 Password introduction to enter Pr2

If the password is enabled, by pushing the **Pr2** key the following interface is displayed:



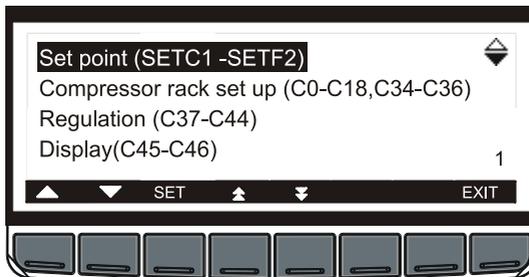
1. Push the SET key.
2. Use the UP and DOWN keys to set the password
3. Push the SET key to confirm it
4. The following message is displayed



5. Push the ENTER key to enter in Pr2 menu

### 3.3.2 Parameters grouping

The parameters are collected in sub-menu according to the following interface.



The parameters sub menu are the following:

**Set Point (SETC1-SETF2)**

**Compressor Rack setup (C0-C18, C34-C36)**

**Regulation (C37-C44)**

**Display (C45-C46)**

**Analog Inputs of regulation (Ai1-Ai15)**

**Analog Inputs of auxiliary (Ai16-Ai28)**

**Safety Digital Inputs (Di2-Di13)**

**Digital Inputs (Di14-Di27)**

**Display (C45-C44)**

**Compressor Action (CP1-CP8)**

**Safety Compressors (CP9-CP18)**

**Fan Action (F1-F8)**

**Safety Fans (F9-F10)**

**Energy Saving (HS1-HS14)**

**Compressor Alarms (AC1-AC19)**

**Fan Alarms (AF1-AF17)**

**Dynamic Setpoint Suction (o1-o8)**

**Condenser Set point (O9-O14)**

**Analog outputs configuration (1Q1, 3Q1)**

**Analog Outputs 1 (1Q1-1Q26)**

**Analog Outputs 2 (2Q1-2Q25)**

**Analog outputs 3 (3Q2-3Q26)**

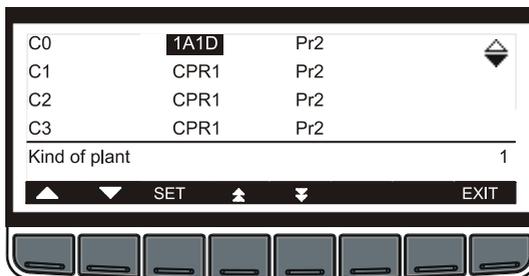
**Analog outputs 4 (4Q1-4Q25)**

**Auxiliary Outputs (AR1-AR12)**

**Other (oT1-OT9)**

**NOTE:** some sub menu could be absent depending on the model.

**Push** the SET key to enter a menu and the parameter with their value will be displayed: see below picture.



Push the **SET** key and use the **UP** and **DOWN** keys to modify the value.  
Then push the **SET** key to store the new value and move to the following parameter.

**NOTE:** the Pr2 or Pr1 message is present only in Pr2 menu.  
It is possible to modify the level of each parameter changing Pr2 → Pr1 or vice versa.

**NOTE:** Pushing the **EXIT** button the initial screen shot is displayed.

## 4. SERVICE MENU

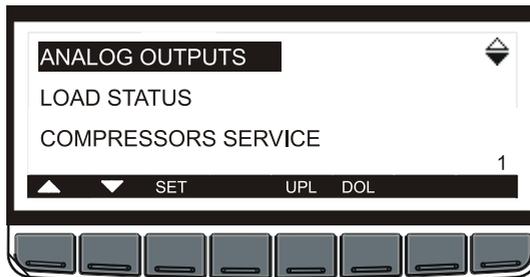
The service menu collect the main functions of the controller.

From the Service menu is possible to:

- see the values of analog outputs
- see the status of compressor relay
- operate a maintenance section
- see the status of safety and configurable digital inputs
- see the values of the probes
- set the real time clock
- use the HOT KEY to program the instrument or to program the HOT KEY
- set the password and enable it for some menu
- set the instrument language.

### 4.1 How to enter the Service menu

From the main display screen push the SERVICE button and the SERVICE menu is entered.  
See below picture:



The Service sub-menu are the following:

ANALOG OUTPUTS  
RELAY OUTPUTS  
COMPRESSOR SERVICE  
DIGITAL INPUTS  
PROBES  
PASSWORD  
LANGUAGE

Select one of them with the UP or DOWN keys then push the SET key to enter the sub-menu

## 4.2 How to program an instrument using a HOT KEY

The XC1000D uses a standard Dixell HOT KEY (cod. DK00000100).

### 4.2.1 How to program the HOT KEY.

1. Program one controller with the front keypad.
2. When the controller is ON, insert the **“Hot key”**. Enter the SERVICE menu and push the **UPL** key. The display will shows the message **“PLEASE WAIT”**.
3. The instrument will shows during 10sec:  
“**END**”: the programming phase is ended successfully  
the **“ERROR”** message is displayed for failed programming. In this case push again the UPL key if you want to restart the upload again.

### 4.2.2 How to program an instument using a HOT KEY

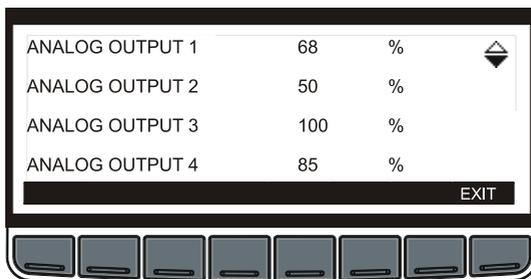
1. Switch off the controller or enter the SERVICE menu.
2. Insert a **programmed “Hot Key” into the 5 PIN receptacle**
3. Turn the controller on, or push the DOL key of the SERVICE menu.
4. Automatically the parameter list of the **“Hot Key”** is downloaded into the Controller memory, the **“dol”** message is blinking. The display will shows the message **“PLEASE WAIT”**.
4. The instrument will shows during 10sec:  
“**END**”: the programming phase is ended successfully.  
Remove the “Hot Key”, the XC1000D will restart working with the new parameters.  
**NOTE: until the “Hot Key” is inserted, the instrument doesn’t start the regulation.**  
the **“ERROR”** message is displayed for failed programming. In this case push again the UPL key if you want to restart the upload again.After 10 seconds the instrument will restart working with the new parameters.

## 4.3 How to see the values of analog outputs

### Procedure:

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **ANALOG OUTPUTS** sub-menu
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **ANALOG OUTPUTS** sub-menu displays the status of the analog outputs of the controller, with the following layout:



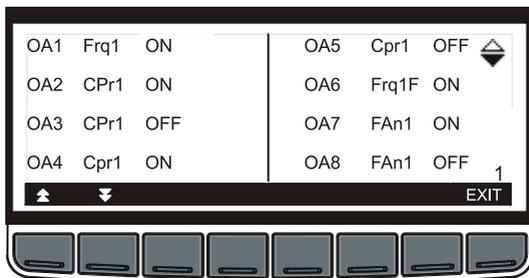
This outputs can be used to drive an external inverter or to repeat a main probe, by means of a signal 4-20mA or 0-10V.

## 4.4 How to see the status of the relays

### Procedure:

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **LOADS STATUS**
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **LOADS STATUS** sub-menu displays the status of the relays in the following format:



With this meaning:

First column: number of relay; second column: configuration; third column: status.

## 4.5 COMPRESSOR SERVICE SUB- MENU – For maintenance sections

The COMPRESSOR SERVICE menu could be protected by password. See chapter 3.3.1.

By means of the **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu is possible to perform a maintenance section, consisting on:

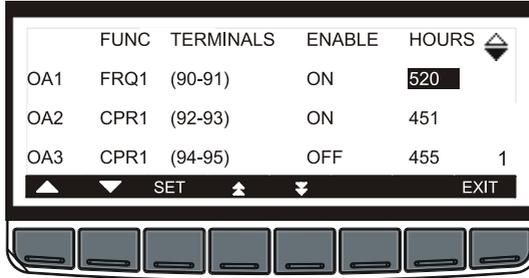
- disabled an output
- check and (eventually) erase the running hour of a load.

### 4.5.1 How to enter the “COMPRESSOR SERVICE” submenu.

**Procedure:**

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu displays the status of the relays with the following layout:



	FUNC	TERMINALS	ENABLE	HOURS
OA1	FRQ1	(90-91)	ON	520
OA2	CPR1	(92-93)	ON	451
OA3	CPR1	(94-95)	OFF	455

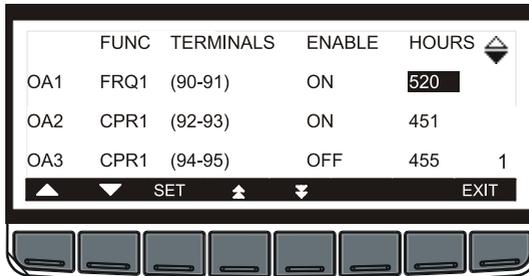
Navigation buttons: UP, DOWN, SET, UP, DOWN, EXIT

### 4.5.2 How to disabled/enabled an output during a maintenance section.

To disabled an output during a maintenance session means to exclude the output from the regulation:

To do it act as in the following

1. Enter the **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu, as described in the previous paragraph.
2. Select the load by means of the UP and DOWN keys.
3. Push the SET key, then use the UP and DOWN keys to move the status to ON to OFF and vice versa.
4. Confirm the selection by means of the SET key.



	FUNC	TERMINALS	ENABLE	HOURS
OA1	FRQ1	(90-91)	ON	520
OA2	CPR1	(92-93)	ON	451
OA3	CPR1	(94-95)	OFF	455

Navigation buttons: UP, DOWN, SET, UP, DOWN, EXIT

### 4.5.3 Regulation with some outputs disabled.

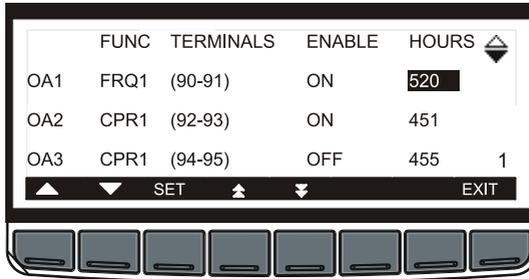
If some outputs are disabled they don't take part to the regulation, so the regulation goes on with the other outputs.

### 4.5.4 How to display the running hours of a load.

The controller memorises the running hours of each load.

To see how long a load has been working enter the **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu.

The running hour are displayed with the following layout:



#### 4.5.5 *How to erase the running hours of a load*

After a maintenance session usually is useful to erase the running our of a load.

To do it act as in the following

1. Enter the **COMPRESSOR SERVICE** sub-menu, as described in the paragraph. 4.5.1.
2. Select the load by means of the UP and DOWN keys.
3. Push the SET key, then use the DOWN key to decrease the running hour of the load..
4. Confirm the setting by means of the SET key.

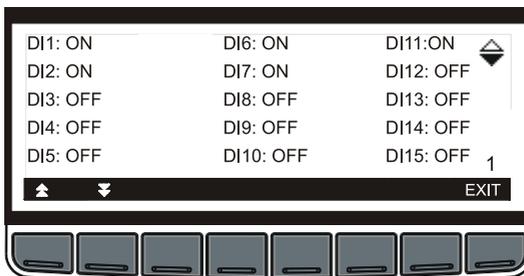
**To exit:** push the **EXIT** key to come back to the SERVICE menu.

### 4.6 How to see the status of digital inputs

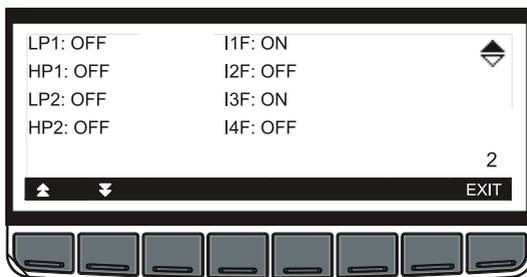
**Procedure:**

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **DIGITAL INPUTS** sub-menu
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **DIGITAL INPUTS** sub-menu displays the status of the safety and configurable digital inputs, with the following layout:



**Safety digital inputs**



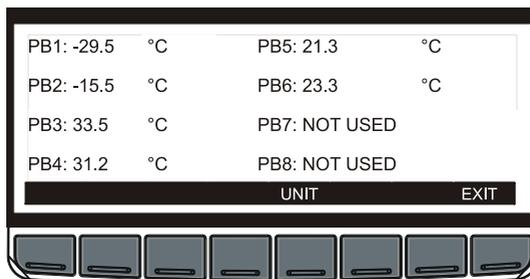
HP, LP and configurable inputs

## 4.7 How to see the values of the probes

### Procedure:

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **PROBES** sub-menu
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **PROBES** sub-menu displays the probe values, with the following layout:



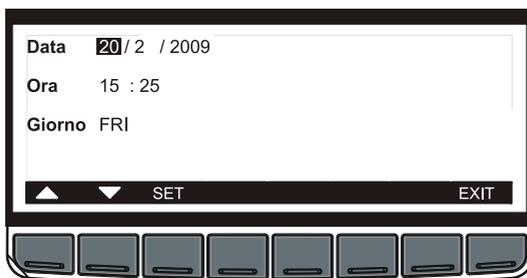
To **change** the measurement unit for the probe PB1, PB2, PB3, PB4, push **UNIT** button.

## 4.8 How to set time and date

### Procedure:

1. Enter the **SERVICE** menu
2. Select **REAL TIME CLOCK** sub-menu
3. Push the **SET** key.

The **REAL TIME CLOCK** sub-menu displays time and date, with the following layout:



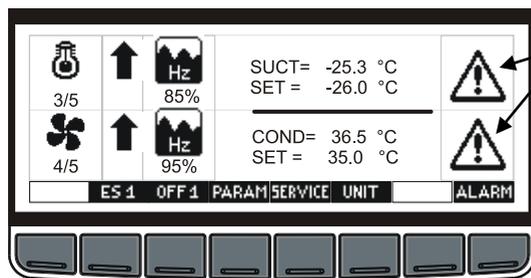
5. Set the day by means of the **UP** and **DOWN** keys.
6. Push the **SET** key, to confirm and pass to the setting of time.
7. Use the same procedure for the date.
8. Then confirm the selection by means of the SET key.

**NOTE: to memorise the alarms and to enable the automatic energy saving cycle the real time clock has to be set.**

## 5. Alarms

The controller memorises the last 100 alarms happened, together with their start and finish time. To see the alarms follow the following procedure.

### 5.1 Menu Active alarms



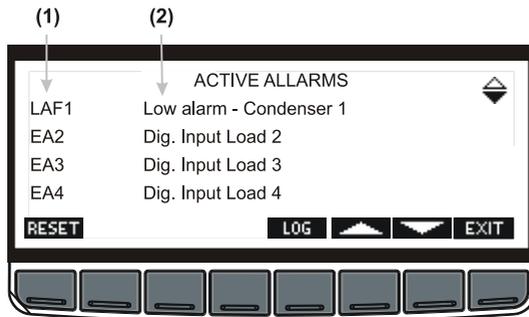
If the alarm icon is flashing on the main display, an alarm is occurring.

Push the **ALARM** key to enter the alarm menu.

1. Push the **ALARM** key to enter the **ALARM MENU**,
2. Select the alarm menu



Push the **ENTER** key to visualize the ALARM MENU



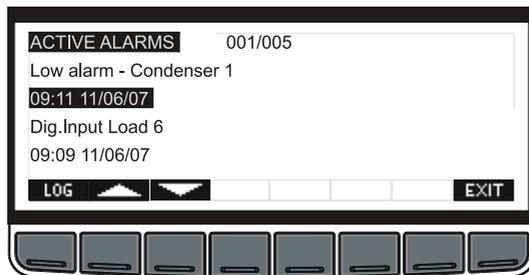
The alarm menu displays the active alarm with the following layout:

- (1) = alarm code
- (2) = alarm description

Push the **LOG** button to enter the **ALARM ACTIVE** log, as shown in the following picture

## 5.2 Active alarm log menu

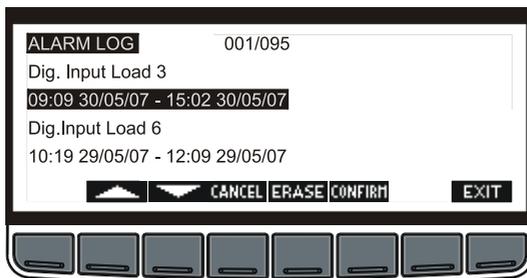
This menu contains all the information concerning the active alarms. In the first line, it is displayed how many alarms are happening.



It's possible to move through the alarms by the UP and DOWN keys.

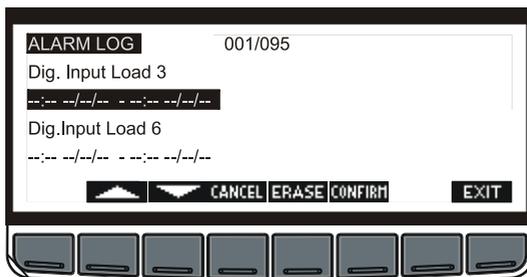
## 5.3 Active alarm log menu

Push the **LOG** button to enter the **ALARM LOG**.



This menu contains all the memorised alarms. For each alarm the starting time and date and the finish time and date are recorded.

Push the **ERASE** button to delete the whole archive of alarms.  
The following display is shown:



Push the **CONFIRM** button to confirm the operation and delete the archive.  
Push the **CANCEL** button to cancel the operation and come back to the ALARM LOG menu.

## 6. Parameters

### 6.1.1 Compressor Rack setup (C0-C18, C34-C36)

- C0** **Kind of plant:** it set the kind of plant.  
The following table shows the kind of plant can be set and which probes have to be used

<b>C0</b>	<b>Kind of plant</b>	<b>Pb1</b>	<b>Pb2</b>	<b>Pb3</b>	<b>Pb4</b>
<b>0A1d</b>	Only condenser fan			Delivery 1	
<b>1A0d</b>	Only compressors	Suction 1	-		-
<b>1A1d</b>	Compressors and fans 1 circuit	Suction 1		Delivery 1	
<b>0A2d</b>	Fans of circuit 1 and 2			Delivery 1	Delivery 2
<b>2A0d</b>	Compressors of circuit 1 and 2	Suction 1	Suction 2		
<b>2A1d</b>	Compressors of circuit 1 and 2 – 1 condenser	Suction 1	Suction 2	Delivery 1	-
<b>2A2d</b>	Compressors of circuit 1 and 2 – Fans of circuit 1 and 2	Suction 1	Suction 2	Delivery 1	Delivery 2

**C1... C15 Relay 1...15 configuration:** by means of parameter **C0** and **C1...C15** the plant can be dimensioned according to the number and type of compressors and/or fans and the number of steps for each one.

Each relay according to the configuration of the C(i) parameter can work as

**Frq1** = frequency compressor circuit 1;  
**Frq2** = frequency compressor circuit 2;  
**CPr1** = compressor circuit 1;  
**CPr2** = compressor circuit 2,  
**Screw1** = screw compressor – circuit 1  
**Screw2** = screw compressor – circuit 2  
**StP** = step of the previous compressor,  
**FrqF1** = inverter fan circuit 1;  
**FrqF2** = inverter fan circuit 2;  
**FAn1** = fan circuit 1,  
**FAn2** = fan circuit 2,  
**ALr** = alarm;  
**ALr1** = alarm 1  
**ALr2** = alarm 2  
**AUS1** = auxiliary output 1  
**AUS2** = auxiliary output 2,  
**AUS3** = auxiliary output 3,  
**AUS4** = auxiliary output 4,  
**onF** = on / off relay  
**nu** = relay not used

#### **NOTE 1: CIRCUITS WITH INVERTER FOR COMPRESSORS OR FANS**

If in one circuit there are frequency compressors (Frq1 or Frq2) inverter fans, (Frq1F or Frq2F) their relays must be the first of that circuit.

**ES:** Plant with 1 circuit with 6 compressors (1 with inverter and 5 fans with inverter):

**C0** = 1A1d;  
**C1** = Frq1;  
**C2** = CPr1;  
**C3** = CPr1,  
**C4** = CPr1,  
**C5** = CPr1;  
**C6** = CPr1;  
**C7** = Frq1F;

C8 = FAn1;  
C9 = FAn1;  
C10 = FAn1;  
C11 = FAn1;  
C12 = nu  
C13 = nu  
C14 = nu  
C15 = nu

**PLANT CONFIGURATION EXAMPLE:**

**Plant with 1 circuit with 6 compressors e 5 fans:**

C0 = 1A1d;  
C1 = CPr1;  
C2 = CPr1;  
C3 = CPr1,  
C4 = CPr1,  
C5 = CPr1;  
C6 = CPr1;  
C7 = FAn1;  
C8 = FAn1;  
C9 = FAn1;  
C10 = FAn1;  
C11 = FAn1;  
C12 = nu  
C13 = nu  
C14 = nu  
C15 = nu

**Plant with 1 circuit with 3 compressors, 2 of them without valves, and 1 compressor with 2 valves e 4 fans:**

C0 = 1A1d;  
C1 = CPr1;  
C2 = CPr1;  
C3 = CPr1,  
C4 = Stp,  
C5 = Stp;  
C6 = FAn1;  
C7 = FAn1;  
C8 = FAn1;  
C9 = FAn1;  
C10 = nu  
C11 = nu  
C12 = nu  
C13 = nu  
C14 = nu  
C15 = nu

**Plant with 2 suctions and 2 deliveries:**

**Suction 1:** 1frequency compressor, 1 compressor without valves and 1 compressors with 2 valves

**Delivery 1:** 3 fans

**Suction 2:** 1frequency compressor, 2 compressors

**Delivery 2:** 1 inverter fan, 2 fans

**C0 = 2A2d;**  
**C1 = Frq1;**  
**C2 = CPr1;**  
**C3 = CPr1,**  
**C4 = Stp,**  
**C5 = Fan1;**  
**C6 = FAn1;**  
**C7 = FAn1;**  
**C8 = Frq2;**  
**C9 = Cpr2;**  
**C10 = Cpr2;**  
**C11 = Frq2F;**  
**C12 = Fan2;**  
**C13 = Fan2;**  
**C14 = nu**  
**C15 = nu**

- C16 Kind of compressors:** to set the kind of compressors.  
**SPo** = compressors with the same capacity.  
**BitZ** = screw compressors like Bitzer, Hanbell, Refcomp etc operation.  
**FrtZ** = screw compressors like Frascold operation.
- C17 Valve output polarity - circuit 1: valve polarity:** polarity of the outputs for capacity valves. It determines the state of the relays associated with the capacity valves:  
**oP**=valve enabled with open contact;  
**cL**= valve enabled with closed contact.
- C18 Valve output polarity - circuit 2: valve polarity:** polarity of the outputs for capacity valves. It determines the state of the relays associated with the capacity valves:  
**oP**=valve enabled with open contact;  
**cL**= valve enabled with closed contact.
- C34 Kind of gas: set the kind of freon used in the plant**  
**r22 = R22; r404= R404A ; 507= R507; 134=134; r717=r717 (ammonia); co2 = CO2; 410 = r410.**  
 Setting the kind of gas, the XC1000D can associate the pressure with the matching temperature.
- C35 Activation time during the switching on of first step (valve of 25%) for Bitzer screw compressors:** (0=255s): it sets for how long the valve is used during the startup phase.
- C36 First step enabled during the regulation (switching off phase):** it sets if the first step can be used also during normal regulation.  
**NO** = first step used only during the start phase  
**YES** = first step used also during normal regulation

### **6.1.2 Regulation (C37-C44)**

- C37 Type of regulation for compressor circuit 1:** **db** = neutral zone, **Pb** = proportional band.
- C38 Type of regulation for compressor circuit 2:** **db** = neutral zone, **Pb** = proportional band.
- C41 Compressor rotation circuit 1:**  
**YES** = rotation: the algorithm distributes the working time between loads to ensure even run times.  
**no** = fixed sequence: the compressors are enabled and disabled in fixed sequence: first, second etc.
- C42 Compressor rotation circuit 2:**  
**YES** = rotation: the algorithm distributes the working time between loads to ensure even run times.  
**no** = fixed sequence: the compressors are enabled and disabled in fixed sequence: first, second etc.
- C43 Fan rotation circuit 1:**  
**YES** = rotation: the algorithm distributes the working time between loads to ensure even run times.  
**no** = fixed sequence: the fans are enabled and disabled in fixed sequence: first, second etc.
- C44 Fan rotation circuit 2:**  
**YES** = rotation: the algorithm distributes the working time between loads to ensure even run times.  
**no** = fixed sequence: the fans are enabled and disabled in fixed sequence: first, second etc.

### 6.1.3 Display (C45-C46)

- C45 Displaying measurement unit:** it sets the measurement unit used for the display and for parameters that are connected to temperature/pressure. In parenthesis other measurement unit.  
**CDEC:** °C with decimal point (bar);  
**CINT:** °C with decimal point (bar);  
**F:** °F (PSI);  
**BAR:** bar (°C);  
**PSI:** PSI (°F);  
**KPA:** KPA (°C)  
**CKPA:** °C (KPA)  
**NOTE1:** changing the measurement unit, the instrument will update parameter values that refer to pressure or temperature.  
**NOTE2: parameters with probe calibration, are reset during the measurement unit change.**
- C46 Pressure display:** it indicates if the range of the probes are related to relative or absolute pressure.  
**rEL** = relative pressure; **AbS:** absolute pressure  
**NOTE: the temperature is updated changing this value.**

### 6.1.4 Analog Inputs (Ai1-Ai15)

- AI1 Kind of probe of P1 & P2:** it sets the kind of probes for suction sections: **Cur** = 4 ÷ 20 mA probe; **Ptc** = Ptc probe; **ntc** = NTC probe; **rAt** = rathimetric probe (0÷5V).
- AI2 Adjustment of read out for the probe 1 at 4mA/0V:** (-1.00 ÷ AI3 bar; -15 ÷ AI3 PSI, -100 ÷ AI3 KPA)
- AI3 Adjustment of read out for the probe 1 at 20mA/5V:** (AI2 ÷ 100.00 bar; AI2 ÷ 750 PSI; AI2 ÷ 10000 KPA)
- AI4 Probe 1 calibration:**  
with **C45 = CDEC or CINT:** -12.0 ÷ 12.0 °C  
with **C45 = bar:** -1.20 ÷ 1.20 bar;  
with **C45 = F or PSI:** -120 ÷ 120 °F o PSI  
with **C45 = KPA:** -1200 ÷ 1200 KPA;
- AI5 Adjustment of read out for the probe 2 at 4mA/0V:** (-1.00 ÷ AI6bar; -15 ÷ AI6 PSI)
- AI6 Adjustment of read out for the probe 2 at 20mA/5V:** (AI5 ÷ 51.00 bar; AI5 ÷ 750 PSI)
- AI7 Probe 2 calibration:**  
with **C43 = CEL\_DEC or CEL\_INT:** -12.0 ÷ 12.0 °C  
with **C43 = bar:** -1.20 ÷ 1.20 bar;  
with **C43 = FAR or PSI:** -120 ÷ 120 °F or PSI
- AI8 Kind of probe of P3 & P4:** : it sets the kind of probes for delivery sections: **Cur** = 4 ÷ 20 mA probe; **Ptc** = Ptc probe; **ntc** = NTC probe; **rAt** = rathimetric probe (0÷5V).
- AI9 Adjustment of read out for the probe 3 at 4mA/0V:** (-1.00 ÷ AI10bar; -15 ÷ AI10 PSI; -100 ÷ AI10 KPA)
- AI10 Adjustment of read out for the probe 3 at 20mA/5V:** (AI9 ÷ 100.00 bar; AI9 ÷ 750 PSI; AI9 ÷ 10000 KPA)
- AI11 Probe 3 calibration**  
with **C45 = CDEC or CINT:** -12.0 ÷ 12.0 °C  
with **C45 = bar:** -1.20 ÷ 1.20 bar;  
with **C45 = F or PSI:** -120 ÷ 120 °F o PSI  
with **C45 = KPA:** -1200 ÷ 1200 KPA;
- AI12 Adjustment of read out for the probe 4 at 4mA/0V:** (-1.00 ÷ AI13bar; -15 ÷ AI13 PSI; -100 ÷ AI13 KPA)
- AI13 Adjustment of read out for the probe 4 at 20mA/5V:** (AI12 ÷ 100.00 bar; AI12 ÷ 750 PSI; AI12 ÷ 10000 KPA)
- AI14 Probe 4 calibration:**  
with **C45 = CDEC or CINT:** -12.0 ÷ 12.0 °C  
with **C45 = bar:** -1.20 ÷ 1.20 bar;  
with **C45 = F or PSI:** -120 ÷ 120 °F o PSI  
with **C45 = KPA:** -1200 ÷ 1200 KPA;
- AI15 Alarm activated in case of regulation faulty probe:**  
**nu** = none relay; **Air:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2

### 6.1.5 Auxiliary analog inputs (Ai1-Ai15)

- AI16** **Probe 1 AUX setting:** **ptc** = PTC probe; **ntc**= NTC probe
- AI17** **Probe 1 AUX action type:** it sets the function of the AUX1 probe (term. 70-71)  
**nu** = not used  
**Au1** = thermostat probe for AUX1 relay;  
**Au2** = thermostat probe for AUX2 relay;  
**Au3** = thermostat probe for AUX3 relay;  
**Au4** = thermostat probe for AUX4 relay;  
**otC1** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 1 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 1);  
**otC2** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 2 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 2);  
**otA1** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 1(dynamic set of suction circuit 1);  
**otA2** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 2 (dynamic set of suction circuit 2)
- AI18** **Probe 1 AUX calibration:**  $-12.0 \div 12.0$  °C;  $-120 \div 120$  °F
- AI19** **Probe 2 AUX setting:** **ptc** = PTC probe; **ntc**= NTC probe
- AI20** **Probe 2 AUX action type:** it sets the function of the AUX1 probe (term. 71-72)  
**nu** = not used  
**Au1** = thermostat probe for AUX1 relay;  
**Au2** = thermostat probe for AUX2 relay;  
**Au3** = thermostat probe for AUX3 relay;  
**Au4** = thermostat probe for AUX4 relay;  
**otC1** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 1 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 1);  
**otC2** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 2 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 2);  
**otA1** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 1(dynamic set of suction circuit 1);  
**otA2** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 2 (dynamic set of suction circuit 2)
- AI21** **Probe 2 AUX calibration:**  $-12.0 \div 12.0$  °C;  $-120 \div 120$  °F
- AI22** **Probe 3 AUX setting:** **ptc** = PTC probe; **ntc**= NTC probe
- AI23** **Probe 3 AUX action type:** it sets the function of the AUX1 probe (term. 73-74)  
**nu** = not used  
**Au1** = thermostat probe for AUX1 relay;  
**Au2** = thermostat probe for AUX2 relay;  
**Au3** = thermostat probe for AUX3 relay;  
**Au4** = thermostat probe for AUX4 relay;  
**otC1** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 1 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 1);  
**otC2** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 2 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 2);  
**otA1** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 1 (dynamic set of suction circuit 1);  
**otA2** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 2 (dynamic set of suction circuit 2)
- AI24** **Probe 3 AUX calibration:**  $-12.0 \div 12.0$  °C;  $-120 \div 120$  °F
- AI25** **Probe 4 AUX setting:** **ptc** = PTC probe; **ntc**= NTC probe
- AI26** **Probe 4 AUX action type:** it sets the function of the AUX1 probe (term. 74-75)  
**nu** = not used  
**Au1** = thermostat probe for AUX1 relay;  
**Au2** = thermostat probe for AUX2 relay;  
**Au3** = thermostat probe for AUX3 relay;  
**Au4** = thermostat probe for AUX4 relay;  
**otC1** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 1 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 1);  
**otC2** = for the optimization of the delivery pressure/temperature, circuit 2 (dynamic set of delivery circuit 2);

**otA1** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 1 (dynamic set of suction circuit 1);  
**otA2** = for the optimization of the suction pressure/temperature, (dynamic set point) circuit 2 (dynamic set of suction circuit 2)

**AI27 Probe 4 AUX calibration:**  $-12.0 \div 12.0$  °C;  $-120 \div 120$  °F

**AI28 Alarm relay on with auxiliary probe fault:**

**nu** = relay not present; **ALr:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1:** all C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2:** all C(i) outputs set as ALr2.

### **6.1.6 Safety Digital Inputs (Di2-Di13)**

**DI2 Low pressure switch polarity (term. 52 - 53) – circuit 1:**

**oP**=LP d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= LP d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI3 Low pressure switch polarity (term. 56 - 57) – circuit 2:**

**oP**=LP d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= LP d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI4 High pressure switch polarity (term. 54 - 55) – circuit 1:**

**oP**=HP d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= HP d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI5 High pressure switch polarity (term. 58 - 59) – circuit 2:**

**oP**=HP d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= HP d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI6 Relay activated in case of pressure switch alarm:**

**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **ALr:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2

**DI7 Compressor alarm inputs polarity - circuit 1**

**oP**= d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI8 Compressor alarm inputs polarity - circuit 2**

**oP**= d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI9 Fan alarm inputs polarity - circuit 1**

**oP**= d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI10 Fan alarm inputs polarity - circuit 2**

**oP**= d.i. enabled by voltage absence;

**cL**= d.i. enabled by voltage presence.

**DI11 Manual reset of compressor alarms signalled by d.i.**

**no** = automatic recover of alarm: regulation restart when the correspondent digital input is disabled

**yES** = manual recover for the alarms of compressors

**DI12 Manual reset of fan alarms signalled by d.i.**

**no** = automatic recover of alarm: a fan restarts when the correspondent digital input is disabled

**yES** = manual recover for the alarms of fan

**DI13 Relay activated in case of compressor or fan alarms:**

**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **ALr:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2:** all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2

### **6.1.7 Digital Inputs (Di14-Di27)**

**DI14 Polarity of configurable digital input 1 (term 36-37)**

**oP:** the digital input is activated by opening the contact;

**CL:** the digital input is activated by closing the contact.

**DI15 Function of configur. configurable digital input 1 (term. 36-37)**

**ES1** = energy saving circuit 1

**ES2** = energy saving circuit 2

**OFF1** = circuit 1 stand –by

**OFF2** = circuit 2 stand –by

**LL1** = liquid level alarm for circuit 1

**LL2** = liquid level alarm for circuit 2

- noCRO** = it disables the set point coming from the supervising system, and it restores SETC1 and SETC2 set.
- noSTD1** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 1, and it restores SETC1 and SETF1 set.
- noSTD2** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 2, and it restores SETC2 and SETF2 set.
- DI16** **Delay of configurable d.i. 1** (0 ÷ 255 min)
- DI17** **Polarity of configurable digital input 2 (term 38-39)**  
**oP**: the digital input is activated by opening the contact;  
**CL**: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- DI18** **Function of configur. configurable digital input 2 (term. 38-39)**  
**ES1** = energy saving circuit 1  
**ES2** = energy saving circuit 2  
**OFF1** = circuit 1 stand –by  
**OFF2** = circuit 2 stand –by  
**LL1** = liquid level alarm for circuit 1  
**LL2** = liquid level alarm for circuit 2
- noCRO** = it disables the set point coming from the supervising system, and it restores SETC1 and SETC2 set.
- noSTD1** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 1, and it restores SETC1 and SETF1 set.
- noSTD2** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 2, and it restores SETC2 and SETF2 set.
- DI19** **Delay of configurable d.i. 2** (0 ÷ 255 min)
- DI20** **Polarity of configurable digital input 3 (term 40-41)**  
**oP**: the digital input is activated by opening the contact;  
**CL**: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- DI21** **Function of configur. configurable digital input 3 (term. 40-41)**  
**ES1** = energy saving circuit 1  
**ES2** = energy saving circuit 2  
**OFF1** = circuit 1 stand –by  
**OFF2** = circuit 2 stand –by  
**LL1** = liquid level alarm for circuit 1  
**LL2** = liquid level alarm for circuit 2
- noCRO** = it disables the set point coming from the supervising system, and it restores SETC1 and SETC2 set.
- noSTD1** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 1, and it restores SETC1 and SETF1 set.
- noSTD2** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 2, and it restores SETC2 and SETF2 set.
- DI22** **Delay of configurable d.i. 3** (0 ÷ 255 min)
- DI23** **Polarity of configurable digital input 4 (term. 42-43)**  
**oP**: the digital input is activated by opening the contact;  
**CL**: the digital input is activated by closing the contact.
- DI24** **Function of configur. configurable digital input 4 (term. 42-43)**  
**ES1** = energy saving circuit 1  
**ES2** = energy saving circuit 2  
**OFF1** = circuit 1 stand –by  
**OFF2** = circuit 2 stand –by  
**LL1** = liquid level alarm for circuit 1  
**LL2** = liquid level alarm for circuit 2
- noCRO** = it disables the set point coming from the supervising system, and it restores SETC1 and SETC2 set.
- noSTD1** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 1, and it restores SETC1 and SETF1 set.
- noSTD2** = it disables the dynamic set point on the circuit 2, and it restores SETC2 and SETF2 set.
- DI25** **Delay of configurable d.i. 4** (0 ÷ 255 min)
- DI26** **Relay activated in case of liquid level alarm – circuit 1**  
**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **Alr**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2
- DI27** **Relay activated in case of liquid level alarm – circuit 2**  
**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **Alr**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2

### **6.1.8 Compressor Action (CPI-CP8)**

- CP1 Regulation band width for compressors- circuit 1** (0.10÷10.00 bar; 0.1÷25.0°C, 1÷80PSI, 1÷50°F; 10÷1000 KPA) The band is symmetrical compared to the target set point, with extremes:  $\text{SETC1}+(\text{CP1})/2 \dots \text{SETC1}-(\text{CP1})/2$ . The measurement unit depends on the C45 par.  
**NOTE: If the circuit 1 has 1 relay set as a frequency compressor (Frq1), the 1Q19 parameter is used instead of the CP1 parameter: regulation band width that is added to the set point 1.**
- CP2 Minimum compressor set point - circuit 1** ( $\text{AI2} \div \text{SETC1}$  bar, PSI or KPA;  $-50.0 \div \text{SETC1}$  °C;  $-58.0 \div \text{SETC1}$  °F). The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the minimum value that can be used for the compressor set point, to prevent the end user from setting incorrect values.
- CP3 Maximum compressor set point - circuit 1** ( $\text{SETC1} \div \text{AI3}$  bar/PSI/KPA;  $\text{SETC1} \div 150.0$ °C;  $\text{SETC1} \div 302$ °F)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the maximum acceptable value for compressor set point.
- CP4 Compressor energy saving value - circuit 1** ( $-20.00 \div 20.00$ bar;  $-50.0 \div 50.0$  °C;  $-300 \div 300$  PSI;  $-90 \div 90$  °F;  $-2000 \div 2000$ KPA) this value is add to the compressor set point when the energy saving is enabled.
- CP5 Regulation band width for compressors - circuit 2** (0.10÷10.00 bar; 0.1÷25.0°C, 1÷80PSI, 1÷50°F; 10÷1000 KPA). The band is symmetrical compared to the target set point, with extremes:  $\text{SETC2}+(\text{CP5})/2 \dots \text{SETC2}-(\text{CP1})/2$ . The measurement unit depends on the C43 par.  
**NOTE: If the circuit 1 has 1 relay set as a frequency compressor (Frq2), the 2Q18 parameter is used instead of the CP5 parameter: regulation band width that is added to the set point 2.**
- CP6 Minimum compressor set point - circuit 2** ( $\text{AI5} \div \text{SETC2}$  bar or PSI o KPA;  $-50.0 \div \text{SETC2}$  °C;  $-58.0 \div \text{SETC2}$  °F). The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the minimum value that can be used for the compressor set point, to prevent the end user from setting incorrect values.
- CP7 Maximum compressor set point - circuit 2** ( $\text{SETC2} \div \text{AI6}$  bar/PSI/KPA;  $\text{SETC2} \div 150.0$ °C;  $\text{SETC2} \div 302$ °F)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the maximum acceptable value for compressor set point.
- CP8 Compressor energy saving value - circuit 2** ( $-20.00 \div 20.00$ bar;  $-50.0 \div 50.0$  °C;  $-300 \div 300$  PSI;  $-90 \div 90$  °F) this value is add to the compressor set point when the energy saving is enabled.

### **6.1.9 Safety Compressors (CP9-CP19)**

- CP9 Minimum time between 2 following switching ON of the same compressor** (0÷255 min).
- CP10 Minimum time between the switching off of a compressor and the following switching on.** (0÷255min).  
**Note:** usually CP9 is greater than CP10
- CP11 Time delay between the insertion of two different compressors** (0 ÷ 99.5 min; res. 1sec)
- CP12 Time delay between switching off of two different compressors** (0 ÷ 99.5 min; res. 1sec)
- CP13 Minimum time load on** (0 ÷ 99.5 min; res. 1sec)
- CP14 Maximum time load on** (0 ÷ 24 h; with 0 this function is disabled.) If a compressor keeps staying on for the CP14 time, it's switched off and it can restart after the CP10 standard time or after the CP15 time with frequency compressor (Frq1 or Frq2).
- CP15 Minimum time a frequency compressor (CP1..CP15 =Frq1 or Frq2) stays off after CP14 time** (0÷255 min)
- CP16 CP11 delay enabled also for the first call.** If enabled, the triggering of the step is delayed for a "CP11" time, respect to the call.  
**no** = "CP11" not enabled;  
**yES**="CP11" enabled
- CP17 CP12 delay enabled also for the first off.** If enabled, the triggering of the step is delayed for a "CP12" time, respect to the call.  
**no** = "CP12" not enabled;  
**yES**="CP12" enabled
- CP18 Output delay at power on** (0 ÷ 255 sec)
- CP19 Booster function enabled:**  
**no** = compressors of 2 circuits work independently  
**yES** = if at least one compressor of the circuit 1 (BT) is ON, also one compressor of the circuit 2 (TN) is enabled, independently from the pressure of the circuit 2. This ensures that the gas coming from the circuit 1 is suct by the compressors of the circuit 2.

### **6.1.10 Fan Action (F1-F8)**

- F1 Regulation band width for fans – circuit 1** (0.10÷10.00 bar; 0.1÷30.0°C, 1÷80PSI, 1÷50°F; 10÷1000 KPA) **Set the C45 par. and the target set point for fans before setting this parameter.**  
The band is symmetrical compared to the fan target set point, with extremes: SETF1-(F1)/2 ... SETF1+(F1)/2. The measurement unit depends on the C45 par.
- F2 Minimum fan set point – circuit 1 BAR: 2** (AI9 ÷ SETF1 bar or PSI o KPA; -50.0 ÷ SETF1 °C; -58.0 ÷ SETF1 °F). The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the minimum value that can be used for the fan set point, to prevent the end user from setting incorrect values.
- F3 Maximum fan set point - circuit 1** (SETF1÷AI10 bar/PSI/KPA; SETF1÷150.0°C; SETF1÷302°F)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the maximum acceptable value for fan set point.
- F4 Fan energy saving value - circuit 1** (-20.00÷20.00bar; -50.0÷50.0 °C; -300÷300 PSI; -90÷90 °F; -2000÷2000KPA) this value is add to the fan set point when the energy saving is enabled.
- F5 Regulation band width for fans – circuit 2** (0.10÷10.00 bar; 0.1÷30.0°C, 1÷80PSI, 1÷50°F; 10÷1000 KPA)  
**Set the C45 par. and the target set point for fans before setting this parameter.**  
The band is symmetrical compared to the fan target set point, with extremes: SETF2-(F5)/2 ... SETF2+(F5)/2. The measurement unit depends on the C45 par.
- F6 Minimum fan set point – circuit 2 BAR: 2** (AI12 ÷ SETF2 bar or PSI o KPA; -50.0 ÷ SETF2 °C; -58.0 ÷ SETF2 °F). The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the minimum value that can be used for the fan set point, to prevent the end user from setting incorrect values.
- F7 Maximum fan set point - circuit 2** (SETF2÷AI13 bar/PSI/KPA; SETF2÷150.0°C; SETF2÷302°F)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. It sets the maximum acceptable value for fan set point.
- F8 Fan energy saving value - circuit 2** (-20.00÷20.00bar; -50.0÷50.0 °C; -300÷300 PSI; -90÷90 °F; -2000÷2000KPA) this value is add to the fan set point when the energy saving is enabled.

### **6.1.11 Safety Fans (F9-F10)**

- F9 Time delay between the insertion of two different fans** (1 ÷ 255 sec)
- F10 Time delay between switching off of two different fans** (1 ÷ 255 sec)

### **6.1.12 Energy Saving Management (HS1-HS14)**

- HS1 Energy Saving start time on Monday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS2 Monday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS3 Energy Saving start time on Tuesday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS4 Tuesday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS5 Energy Saving start time on Wednesday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS6 Wednesday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS7 Energy Saving start time on Thursday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS8 Thursday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS9 Energy Saving start time on Friday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS10 Friday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS11 Energy Saving start time on Saturday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS12 Saturday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)
- HS13 Energy Saving start time on Sunday** (0:0÷23.5h; nu)
- HS14 Sunday Energy Saving duration** (0:0÷23.5h)

### **6.1.13 Compressor Alarms (AC1-AC19)**

- AC1 Probe 1 alarm exclusion at power on** (0 ÷ 255 min) it is the period starting from instrument switch on, before an alarm probe is signalled. During this time if the pressure is out of range all the compressor are switched on.
- AC2 Probe 2 alarm exclusion at power on** (0 ÷ 255 min) it is the period starting from instrument switch on, before an alarm probe is signalled. During this time if the pressure is out of range all the compressor are switched on.
- AC3 Low pressure (temperature) alarm for compressors – circuit 1:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1÷430 PSI; 1÷200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)

The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AC3 is always subtracted to the set point SETC1. When the value SETC1-AC3 is reached the "Low alarm - Suction 1" is enabled, (possibly after the AC5 delay time)

- AC4 High pressure (temperature) alarm for compressors – circuit 1:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1 ÷ 430 PSI; 1 ÷ 200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AC4 is always added to the set point SETC1. When the value SETC1+AC4 is reached the "High alarm - Suction 1" is enabled, (possibly after the AC5 delay time)
- AC5 Low and High compressor pressure (temperature) alarms delay – circuit 1** (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of a pressure (temperature) alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- AC6 Low pressure (temperature) alarm for compressors – circuit 2:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1÷430 PSI; 1÷200.0°F)  
The measurement unit depends on C43 parameter. AC6 is always subtracted to the set point SETC2. When the value SETC2-AC6 is reached the "Low alarm - Suction 2" is enabled, (possibly after the AC8 delay time)
- AC7 High pressure (temperature) alarm for compressors – circuit 2:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1 ÷ 430 PSI; 1 ÷ 200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AC7 is always added to the set point SETC2. When the value SETC2+AC7 is reached the "High alarm - Suction 1" is enabled, (possibly after the AC8 delay time)
- AC8 Low and High compressor pressure (temperature) alarms delay – circuit 2** (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of a pressure (temperature) alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- AC9 Relay activated in case of pressure (temperature) alarm**  
**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **Alr**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr; **ALr1**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr1, **ALr2**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr2
- AC10 Service request:** (0÷25000h with 0 the function is disabled) number of running hours after that maintenance warning is generated
- AC11 Relay activated in case of service request alarm**  
**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **Alr**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr; **ALr1**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr1, **ALr2**: all the C(i) outputs set as Alr2
- AC12 Low pressure-switch intervention numbers – circuit 1: (0÷15).** Every time the pressure-switch is activated all the compressors of the circuit 1 are turned off. If the low pressure-switch is activated AC12 times in the AC13 interval, the compressors of the first circuit are switched off and only the manually unlocking is possible.
- AC13 Pressure-switch interventions time (0÷255 min) – circuit 1** Interval, linked to the AC12 parameter, for counting interventions of the low pressure-switch.
- AC14 Number of steps engaged with suction probe 1 faulty** (0 ÷ 15)
- AC15 Not used**
- AC16 Low pressure-switch intervention numbers – circuit 2: (0÷15).** Every time the pressure-switch is activated all the compressors of the circuit 2 are turned off. If the low pressure-switch is activated AC16 times in the AC17 interval, the compressors of the second circuit are switched off and only the manually unlocking is possible.
- AC17 Pressure-switch interventions time (0÷255 min) – circuit 2** Interval, linked to the AC16 parameter, for counting interventions of the low pressure-switch.
- AC18 Number of steps engaged with suction probe 2 faulty** (0 ÷ 15)
- AC19 Not used**

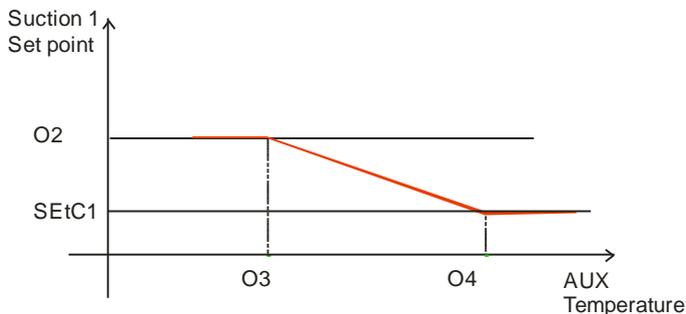
### **6.1.14 Fan Alarms (AF1-AF17)**

- AF1 Low pressure (temperature) alarm for fans – circuit 1:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1÷430 PSI; 1÷200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AF1 is always subtracted to the set point SETF1. When the value SETF1-AF1 is reached the "Low alarm – Condenser 1" is enabled, (possibly after the AF3 delay time)
- AF2 High pressure (temperature) alarm for fans– circuit 1:** (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1 ÷ 430 PSI; 1 ÷ 200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AF2 is always added to the set point SETF1. When the value SETF1+AF2 is reached the "High alarm – Condenser 1" is enabled, (possibly after the AF3 delay time)
- AF3 Low and High fan pressure (temperature) alarms delay – circuit 1** (0÷255 min) time interval between the detection of a pressure (temperature) alarm condition and alarm signalling.

- AF4 Compressors off with pressure (temperature) alarm for fans– circuit 1**  
**no** = compressors are not influenced by this alarm  
**yES** = compressors are turned off in case of high pressure (temperature) alarm of fans
- AF5 Interval between 2 compressors turning off in case of high pressure (temperature) alarm for fans – circuit 1 (0 ÷ 255 min)**
- AF6 High pressure-switch intervention numbers – circuit 1: (0÷15).** Every time the pressure-switch is activated all the compressors of the circuit 1 are turned off and the fan turned on. If the high pressure-switch is activated AF6 times in the AF7 interval, the compressors of the first circuit are switched off and the fans on, only the manually unlocking is possible.
- AF7 High pressure-switch interventions time (0÷255 min) – circuit 1** Interval, linked to the AF6 parameter, for counting interventions of the high pressure-switch.
- AF8 Fans on with delivery probe faulty – circuit 1 (0 ÷ 15)**
- AF9 Low pressure (temperature) alarm for fans – circuit 2: (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1÷430 PSI; 1÷200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)**  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AF9 is always subtracted to the set point SETF2. When the value SETF2-AF9 is reached the "Low alarm – Condenser 2" is enabled, (possibly after the AF11 delay time)
- AF10 High pressure (temperature) alarm for fans– circuit 2: (0.10 ÷ 30.00bar; 0.0 ÷ 100.0°C; 1 ÷ 430 PSI; 1 ÷ 200.0°F; 10 ÷ 3000KPA)**  
The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter. AF10 is always added to the set point SETF2. When the value SETF2+AF10 is reached the "High alarm – Condenser 2" is enabled, (possibly after the AF11 delay time)
- AF11 Low and High fan pressure (temperature) alarms delay – circuit 2 (0÷255 min)** time interval between the detection of a pressure (temperature) alarm condition and alarm signalling.
- AF12 Compressors off with pressure (temperature) alarm for fans– circuit 2**  
**no** = compressors are not influenced by this alarm  
**yES** = compressors are turned off in case of high pressure (temperature) alarm of fans
- AF13 Interval between 2 compressors turning off in case of high pressure (temperature) alarm for fans – circuit 2 (0 ÷ 255 min)**
- AF14 High pressure-switch intervention numbers – circuit 2: (0÷15).** Every time the pressure-switch is activated all the compressors of the circuit 2 are turned off and the fans turned on. If the high pressure-switch is activated AF14 times in the AF15 interval, the compressors of the second circuit are switched off and the fans on, only the manually unlocking is possible.
- AF15 High pressure-switch interventions time (0÷255 min) – circuit 2** Interval, linked to the AF14 parameter, for counting interventions of the high pressure-switch.
- AF16 Fans on with delivery probe faulty – circuit 2(0 ÷ 15)**
- AF17 Relay activated in case of pressure (temperature) alarms of fans**  
**nu** = no relay activation, only visual signalling; **ALr**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr; **ALr1**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr1, **ALr2**: all the C(i) outputs set as ALr2

### **6.1.15 Dynamic Setpoint Suction (o1-o8)**

- O1 Dynamic compressor set point function enabled - circuit 1**  
**no** = standard regulation  
**yES** = the SETC1 varies according to the setting of O2, O3, O4.  
**WARNING** the dynamic set point requires a dedicated probe, so it's necessary one of the aux probes is set for this function in other words AI17 or AI20 or AI23 or AI27 has to be set as oTA1.  
**NOTE:** if more than one probe is used for the optimization of the suction set point, only the higher temperature is considered.
- O2 Maximum compressor set point - circuit 1 (SETC1÷CP3)** It sets the maximum value of compressor set point used in the dynamic set point function. The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter.
- O3 External temperature for maximum set point O2- circuit 1 (-40÷O4 °C /-40÷O4°F)** It's the temperature detected by the external AUX probe, at which the maximum set point is reached.
- O4 External temperature for standard set point– circuit 1 (O3÷150°C O3÷302°F)**
1. with AUX temper. < O3 ==> "Real SETC1" = O2
  2. with AUX temper. > O4 ==> "Real SETC1" = SETC1
  3. with O3 < AUX temper < O4 ==> SETC1 < "Real SETC1" < O2



**O5 Dynamic compressor set point function enabled - circuit 2**

**no** = standard regulation

**yES** = the SETC2 varies according to the setting of O6, O7, O8.

**WARNING** the dynamic set point requires a dedicated probe, so it's necessary one of the aux probes is set for this function in other words AI17 or AI20 or AI23 or AI27 has to be set as oTA2.

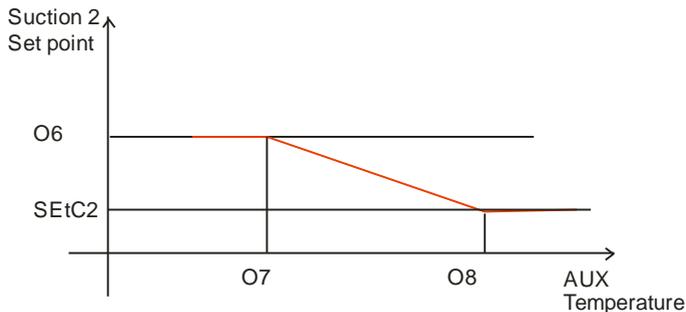
**NOTE:** if more than one probe is used for the optimization of the suction set point, only the higher temperature is considered.

**O6 Maximum compressor set point - circuit 2 (SETC2÷CP7)** It sets the maximum value of compressor set point used in the dynamic set point function. The measurement unit depends on C45 parameter.

**O7 External temperature for maximum set point O6 - circuit 1** (-40÷08 °C /-40÷08°F) It's the temperature detected by the external AUX probe, at which the maximum set point is reached.

**O8 External temperature for standard set point- circuit 2 (O7÷150°C O7÷302°F)**

1. with AUX temper. < O7 ==> "Real SETC2" = O6
2. with AUX temper. > O8 ==> "Real SETC2" = SETC2
3. with O7 < AUX temper < O8 ==> SETC2 < "Real SETC2" < O6



**6.1.16 Dynamic Setpoint Condenser (o9-o14)**

**O9 Dynamic set enabled for condenser- circuit 1**

**no** = standard regulation

**yES** = the SETF1 varies according to the setting of O10, O11.

**WARNING** the dynamic set point requires a dedicated probe, so it's necessary one of the aux probes is set for this function in other words AI17 or AI20 or AI23 or AI27 has to be set as oTC1

**O10 Minimum condenser set point - circuit 1 (F2÷SETF1)**

**O11 Differential for condenser dynamic set point -circuit 1 (-50.0÷50.0°C; -90÷90°F).** The way of working of this algorithm is explained in the following exemplum.

**Example**

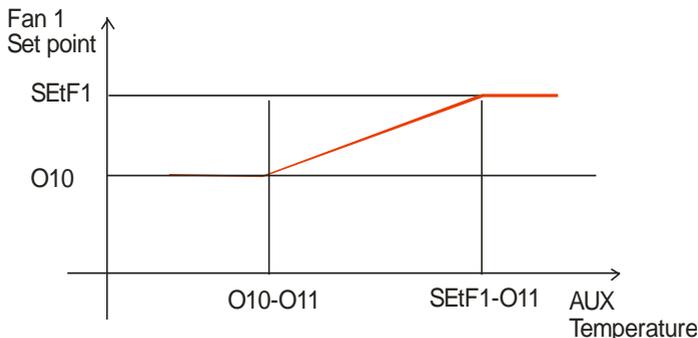
With the external temperature (otc1) > SETF1-O11

==> "real SetF1" = SETF1

With the external temperature (otc1) < O10-O11

==> "real SetF1"= O10

With  $O10-O11 < \text{external temperature (otc1)} < \text{SETF1-O11} \Rightarrow O10 < \text{"real SetF1"} < \text{SETF1}$   
**where**  
 external temperature (otc1) is the temperature detected by the auxiliary probe set as otC1



**NOTE:** if C45 = bar or PSI or KPA, O10 is bar or PSI, the XC1000D makes the changes required

**O12 Dynamic set enabled for condenser- circuit 2**

**no** = standard regulation

**yES** = the SETF2 varies according to the setting of O13, O14.

**WARNING** the dynamic set point requires a dedicated probe, so it's necessary one of the aux probes is set for this function in other words AI17 or AI20 or AI23 or AI27 has to be set as otC2.

**O13 Minimum condenser set point - circuit 2 (F6÷SETF2)**

**O14 Differential for condenser dynamic set point –circuit 2 (-50.0÷50.0°C; -90÷90°F).** The way of working of this algorithm is explained in the following exemplum.

**Example**

With the external temperature (otc2) > SETF2-O14 ==> "real SetF2" = SETF2

With the external temperature (otc2) < O13-O14 ==> "real SetF1" = O13

With  $O13-O14 < \text{external temperature (otc1)} < \text{SETF2-O14} \Rightarrow O13 < \text{"real SetF2"} < \text{SetF2}$

**where**

external temperature (otc2) is the temperature detected by the auxiliary probe set as otC2

### 6.1.17 Analog Outputs Configuration (1Q1-3Q1)

**1Q1 Analog outputs 1-2 setting:** (4÷20 mA - 0÷10 V): It set the kind of output for the first 2 analogue outputs (term. 33-34-35).

**3Q1 Analog outputs 3-4 setting:** (4÷20 mA - 0÷10 V): It set the kind of output for the first 2 analogue outputs (term. 30-31-32).

### 6.1.18 Analog output 1 (1Q2-1Q26)

**1Q2 Analog output 1 function** (term. 34-35)

**FREE** = pure analogue output

**CPR** = output for frequency compressor – circuit 1

**CPR2** = output for frequency compressor – circuit 2

**FAN** = output for inverter fans – circuit 1 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);

**FAN2** = output for inverter fans – circuit 2 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);

**INV F1** = not used

**INV F2** = not used

**nu** = not used

**1Q3 Reference probe for analogue output 1,** it's used only when 1Q2 = FREE

**Pbc1**= Suction Probe, circuit 1 (term. 62-63 or 62 -68)

**Pbc2** = Suction Probe, circuit 2 (term. 64-63 or 64 -68)

- 1Q4 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 1** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 1Q2 = FREE
- 1Q5 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 1 at 20mA/10V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 1Q2 = FREE
- 1Q6 Minimum value for analogue output 1** (0 ÷ 100%)
- 1Q7 Analog output 1 value after compressor start** (1Q6 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output after a compressor has started, when the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q8 Analog output 1 value after a compressor is switched off** (1Q6 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output when a compressor has been switched off and the the pressure/temperature is below the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q9 Exclusion band start value for analog output 1** (1Q6 ÷ 100 %): it allows to exclude a range of frequencies that could create problems to the compressor. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q10 Exclusion band end value for analog output 1** (1Q9 ÷ 100 %) – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q11 Safety value for analog output 1** (0 ÷ 100 %): it's used in case of probe faulty.
- 1Q12 Delay between the entrance in the regulation band and the regulation activation** (0 ÷ 255sec): it's the delay between the entrance in the regulation band of pressure/temperature and the regulation start. Used to avoid false inverter starts due to pressure variations. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 1Q13 Analog output 1 rise time** (0 ÷ 255 sec). It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from the 1Q6 to 100%, when a compressor has started and the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 1Q14 Analog output 1 permanency at 100% before load activation** (0 ÷ 255 sec): the analog output remains at 100% value for this time before a load is activated. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q15 Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 1 decreasing** (0÷255sec). – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 1Q16 Analog output 1 decreasing time** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time taken from the analog output to pass from the 100% to the 1Q6 value. It's used during the switching off phase, when the pressure is lower than the set point.
- 1Q17 Analog output 1 permanency at 1Q6 before a load is switched off** (0 ÷ 255sec) When the pressure (temperature) is below the set point, the analog output remains at 1Q6 value for the 1Q17 before a load is switched off.
- 1Q18 Analog output 1 decreasing time when a load is switched on** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from 100% to 1Q7 when a load is switched on.
- 1Q19 Regulation band** (0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA). It is the band with the proportional action. It replaces CP1 for the inverter regulation. It is add to the set point. The proportional action starts when the temperature/pressure value is higher than the set point and it reaches the 100% when the pressure/temperature is equal or higher than set + 1Q19.
- 1Q20 Integral time** (0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded). It sets the pound of the proportional action. The higher is 1Q20, the lower is the integral action support.
- 1Q21 Band offset** (-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 ÷ 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -120÷120PSI; -1200÷1200KPA). Used to move the regulation band across to the set point.
- 1Q22 Integral action limitation** (0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50.00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000kPA) to stop the increasing of integral action when the pressure reaches the SET + 1Q22 value.
- 1Q24 Minimum inverter capacity with poor lubrication** (0÷99%; with 0 function excluded) If the frequency compressor works for the 1Q25 time with a frequency (in percentage) equal or lower than 1Q24, it is forced to work at 100% for the 1Q26 time in order to make the right lubrication.
- 1Q25 Maximum inverter functioning time at a lower frequency than 1Q24, before working at 100%** (1÷255min)
- 1Q26 Time of inverter functioning at 100% to restore the right lubrication** (1÷255min)

## **6.1.19 Analog output 2 (2Q1-2Q25)**

- 2Q1 Analog output 2 function** (term. 33-34)  
**FREE** = pure analogue output  
**CPR** = output for inverter frequency compressor – circuit 1  
**CPR2** = output for inverter frequency compressor – circuit 2  
**FAN** = output for inverter fans– circuit 1 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);

**FAN2** = output for inverter fans – circuit 2 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);

**INV1** = not used

**INV2** = not used

**nu** = not used

- 2Q2** **Reference probe for analogue output 2**, it's used only when 2Q1 = FREE  
**Pbc1**= Suction Probe, circuit 1 (term. 62-63 or 62 -68)  
**Pbc2** = Suction Probe, circuit 2 (term. 64-63 or 64 -68)
- 2Q3** **Adjustment of read out for the analog output 2 at 4mA/0V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 2Q1 = FREE
- 2Q4** **Adjustment of read out for the analog output 2 at 20mA/10V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 2Q1 = FREE
- 2Q5** **Minimum value for analogue output 2** (0 ÷ 100%)
- 2Q6** **Analog output 2 value after compressor start** (2Q5 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output after a compressor has started, when the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q7** **Analog output 2 value after compressor is switched off** (2Q5 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output when a compressor has been switched off and the the pressure/temperature is below the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q8** **Exclusion band start value for analog output 2** (2Q5 ÷ 100 %): it allows to exclude a range of frequencies that could create problems to the compressor. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q9** **Exclusion band end value for analog output 2** (2Q8 ÷ 100 %)- *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q10** **Safety value for analog output 2** (0 ÷ 100 %): it's used in case of probe faulty.
- 2Q11** **Delay between the entrance in the regulation band and the regulation activation** (0 ÷ 255sec): it's the delay between the entrance in the regulation band of pressure/temperature and the regulation start. Used to avoid false inverter starts due to pressure variations. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 2Q12** **Analog output 2 rise time** (0 ÷ 255 sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from the 1Q6 to 100%, when a compressor has started and the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 2Q13** **Analog output 2 permanency before load activation** (0 ÷ 255 sec): the analog output remains at 100% value for this time before a load is activated. - *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q14** **Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 2 decreasing** (0÷255sec). – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 2Q15** **Analog output decreasing time** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time taken from the analog output to pass from the 100% to the 2Q5 value. It's used during the switching off phase, when the pressure is below the set point.
- 2Q16** **Analog output 2 permanency at 2Q5 value before a load is switched off** (0 ÷ 255sec) When the pressure (temperature) is below the set point, the analog output 2 remains at 2Q5 value before a load is switched off.
- 2Q17** **Analog output 2 decreasing time when a load is switched on** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from 100% to 2Q6 when a load is switched on.
- 2Q18** **Regulation band** (0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA). It is the band with the proportional action. It replaces CP1 for the inverter regulation. It is add to the set point. The proportional action starts when the temperature/pressure value is higher than the set point and it reaches the 100% when the pressure/temperature is equal or higher than set + 2Q18.
- 2Q19** **Integral time** (0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded). It sets the pound of the proportional action. The higher is 1Q20, the lower is the integral action support.
- 2Q20** **Band offset** (-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 ÷ 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -120÷120PSI; -1200÷1200KPA). Used to move the regulation band across to the set point.
- 2Q21** **Integral action limitation** (0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50.00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000kPA) to stop the increasing of integral action when the pressure reaches the SET + 1Q22 value.
- 2Q23** **Minimum inverter capacity with poor lubrication** (0÷99%; with 0 function excluded) If the frequency compressor works for the 1Q25 time with a frequency (in percentage) equal or lower than 2Q23, it is forced to work at 100% for the 2Q25 time in order to make the right lubrication.
- 2Q24** **Maximum inverter functioning time at a lower frequency than 2Q24, before working at 100%** (1÷255min)
- 2Q25** **Time of Inverter al 100% to restore the right lubrication** (1÷255min)

## 6.1.20 Analog Output 3 (3Q2-3Q26)

- 3Q2 Analog output 3 function** (term. 31-32)  
FREE = pure analogue output  
CPR = output for inverter frequency compressor – circuit 1  
CPR2 = output for inverter frequency compressor – circuit 2  
FAN = output for inverter fans – circuit 1 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);  
FAN2 = output for inverter fans – circuit 2 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);  
INVF1 = proportional inverter for fans of circuit 1 (all fans driven by inverter)  
INVF2 = proportional inverter for fans of circuit 2 (all fans driven by inverter)  
nu = not used
- 3Q3 Reference probe for analogue output 3**, it's used only when 3Q2 = FREE, **INVF1 or INVF2**  
  
Pbc1= Suction Probe, circuit 1 (term. 62-63 or 62 -68)  
Pbc2 = Suction Probe, circuit 2 (term. 64-63 or 64 -68)
- 3Q4 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 3** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 3Q2 = FREE
- 3Q5 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 3 at 20mA/10V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 3Q2 = FREE
- 3Q6 Minimum value for analogue output 3** (0 ÷ 100%)
- 3Q7 Analog output 3 value after load start** (3Q6 + 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output after a compressor has started, when the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q8 Analog output 3 value after a load is switched off** (3Q6 + 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output when a compressor has been switched off and the the pressure/temperature is below the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q9 Exclusion band start value for analog output 3** (3Q6 ÷ 100 %): it allows to exclude a range of frequencies that could create problems to the compressor. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q10 Exclusion band end value for analog output 3** (3Q9 ÷ 100 %) – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q11 Safety value for analog output 3** (0 ÷ 100 %): it's used in case of probe faulty.
- 3Q12 Delay between the entrance in the regulation band and the regulation activation** (0 ÷ 255sec): it's the delay between the entrance in the regulation band of pressure/temperature and the regulation start. Used to avoid false inverter starts due to pressure variations. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 3Q13 Analog output 3 rise time** (0 + 255 sec). It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from the 3Q6 to 100%, when a compressor has started and the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 3Q14 Analog output 3 permanency at 100% before load activation** (0 ÷ 255 sec): the analog output remains at 100% value for this time before a load is activated. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q15 Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 3 decreasing** (0÷255sec). – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 3Q16 Analog output decreasing time** (0 + 255sec) It's the time taken from the analog output to pass from 100% to the 3Q8 value. It's used during the switching off phase, when the pressure is below the set point.
- 3Q17 Analog output 3 permanency at 3Q6 before a load is switched off** (0 ÷ 255sec) When the pressure (temperature) is below the set point, the analog output 3 remains at 3Q6 value for the 3Q17 before a load is switched off.
- 3Q18 Analog output 3 decreasing time when a load is switched on** (0 + 255sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from 100% to 3Q7 when a load is switched on.
- 3Q19 Regulation band** (0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA). It is the band with the proportional action. It replaces CP1 for the inverter regulation. It is add to the set point. The proportional action starts when the temperature/pressure value is higher than the set point and it reaches the 100% when the pressure/temperature is equal or higher than set + 3Q19.
- 3Q20 Integral time** (0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded). It sets the pound of the proportional action. The higher is 3Q20, the lower is the integral action support.
- 3Q21 Band offset** (-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 ÷ 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -1200÷1200PSI; -1200÷1200KPA). Used to move the regulation band across to the set point.
- 3Q22 Integral action limitation** (0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50.00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000KPA) to stop the increasing of integral action when the pressure reaches the SET + 3Q22 value.

- 3Q24 Minimum inverter capacity with poor lubrication** (0÷99%; with 0 function excluded) If the frequency compressor works for the 3Q25 time with a frequency (in percentage) equal or lower than 3Q24, it is forced to work at 100% for the 3Q26 time in order to make the right lubrication.
- 3Q25 Time of lower inverter time** (1÷255min)
- 3Q26 Time of Inverter at 100% to restore the right lubrication** (1÷255min)

### **6.1.21 Analog output 4 (4Q1-4Q25)**

- 4Q1 Analog output 4 function** (term. 30-31)  
**FREE** = pure analogue output  
**CPR** = output for frequency compressor – circuit 1  
**CPR2** = output for frequency compressor – circuit 2  
**FAN** = output for inverter fans– circuit 1 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);  
**FAN2** = output for inverter fans – circuit 2 (only some fans driven by inverter, others enabled by on/off);  
**INVF1** = proportional inverter for fans of circuit 1 (all the fans driven frequency)  
**INVF2** = proportional inverter for fans of circuit 2 (all the fans driven frequency)  
**nu** = not used
- 4Q2 Reference probe for analogue output 4**, it's used only when 4Q1 = FREE, INVF1 or INVF2.  
**Pbc3**= Suction Probe, circuit 1 (term. 65-66 or 65 -68)  
**Pbc4** = Suction Probe, circuit 2 (term. 66-67 or 67 -68)
- 4Q3 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 4 at 4mA/0V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 4Q1 = FREE
- 4Q4 Adjustment of read out for the analog output 4 at 20mA/10V** (-1.00÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F; -100÷10000 KPA). It's used only when 4Q1 = FREE
- 4Q5 Minimum value for analogue output 4** (0 ÷ 100%)
- 4Q6 Analog output 4 value after load start** (4Q5 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output after a compressor has started, when the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q7 Analog output 4 value after load is switched off** (4Q5 ÷ 100 %) It's the value of the analogue output when a compressor has been switched off and the the pressure/temperature is below the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q8 Exclusion band start value for analog output 4** (4Q5 ÷ 100 %): it allows to exclude a range of frequencies that could create problems to the compressor. – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q9 Exclusion band end value for analog output 4** (4Q8 ÷ 100 %)– *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q10 Safety value for analog output 4** (0 ÷ 100 %): it's used in case of probe faulty.
- 4Q11 Delay between the entrance in the regulation band and the regulation activation** (0 ÷ 255sec): it's the delay between the entrance in the regulation band of pressure/temperature and the regulation start. Used to avoid false frequency starts dued to pressure variations. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 4Q12 Analog output 4 rise time** (0 ÷ 255 sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from the 1Q6 to 100%, when a compressor has started and the pressure/temperature is above the regulation band. – *Used during inverter regulation.*
- 4Q13 Analog output 4 permanency before load activation** (0 ÷ 255 sec): the analog output remains at 100% value for this time before a load is activated. - *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q14 Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 4 decreasing** (0÷255sec). – *Used during inverter regulation*
- 4Q15 Analog output 4 decreasing time** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time taken from the analog output to pass from 100% to the 4Q7 value. It's used during the switching off phase, when the pressure is below the set point.
- 4Q16 Analog output 4 permanency at 4Q5 before a load is switched off** (0 ÷ 255sec) The analog output remains at 4Q5 value before a load is switched off.
- 4Q17 Analog output 4 decreasing time when a load is switched on** (0 ÷ 255sec) It's the time necessary to the analog output to pass from 100% to 4Q6 when a load is switched on.
- 4Q18 Regulation band** (0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA). It is the band with the proportional action. It replaces CP1 for the inverter regulation. It is add to the set point. The proportional action starts when the temperature/pressure value is higher than the set point and it reaches the 100% when the pressure/temperature is equal or higher than set + 4Q18.
- 4Q19 Integral time** (0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded). It sets the pound of the proportional action. The higher is 1Q20, the lower is the integral action support.

- 4Q20 Band offset** (-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 ÷ 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -120÷120PSI; -1200÷1200KPA). Used to move the regulation band across to the set point.
- 4Q21 Integral action limitation** (0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50,00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000kPA) to stop the increasing of integral action when the pressure reaches the SET + 1Q22 value.
- 4Q23 Minimum inverter capacity with poor lubrication** (0÷99%; with 0 function excluded) If the frequency compressor works for the 1Q25 time with a frequency (in percentage) equal or lower than 4Q23, it is forced to work at 100% for the 4Q25 time in order to make the right lubrication.
- 4Q24 Maximum inverter functioning time at a lower frequency than 4Q24, before working at 100%** (1÷255min)
- 4Q25 Time of inverter at 100% to restore the right lubrication** (1÷255min)

### **6.1.22 Auxiliary Outputs (AR1-AR12)**

- AR1 Set point for auxiliary relay 1 (-40÷110°C/-40÷230°F)** it's used for all the relays configured as AUS1.
- AR2 Differential for aux relay 1 (0,1÷25,0°C/1÷50°F)** Intervention differential for relay AUX1.  
**Cooling (AR3 = CL):** Cut IN is AR1+ AR2. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR1.  
**Heating (AR3=Ht):** Cut IN is AR1- AR2. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR1
- AR3 Kind of action for aux. 1**  
**CL** = cooling  
**Ht** = heating
- AR4 Set point for auxiliary relay 2 (-40÷110°C/-40÷230°F)** it's used for all the relays configured as AUS2.
- AR5 Differential for aux relay 2 (0,1÷25,0°C/1÷50°F)** Intervention differential for relay AUX2.  
**Cooling (AR6 = CL):** Cut IN is AR4+ AR5. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR4.  
**Heating (AR36 = Ht):** Cut IN is AR4- AR5. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR4
- AR6 Kind of action for aux. 2**  
**CL** = cooling  
**Ht** = heating
- AR7 Set point for auxiliary relay 3 (-40÷110°C/-40÷230°F)** it's used for all the relays configured as AUS3.
- AR8 Differential for aux relay 1 (0,1÷25,0°C/1÷50°F)** Intervention differential for relay AUX3.  
**Cooling (AR3 = CL):** Cut IN is AR7+ AR8. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR7.  
**Heating (AR8=Ht):** Cut IN is AR7- AR8. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR7-
- AR9 Kind of action for aux. 3**  
**CL** = cooling  
**Ht** = heating
- AR10 Set point for auxiliary relay 4 (-40÷110°C/-40÷230°F)** it's used for all the relays configured as AUS4.
- AR11 Differential for aux relay 4 (0,1÷25,0°C/1÷50°F)** Intervention differential for relay AUX4.  
**Cooling (AR12 = CL):** Cut IN is AR10+ AR11. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR10.  
**Heating (AR12=Ht):** Cut IN is AR10- AR11. Cut OUT is when the temperature reaches the set point AR10
- AR12 Kind of action for aux. 4**  
**CL** = cooling  
**Ht** = heating

### **6.1.23 Other (oTI-oT9)**

- OT1 Alarm relay off by keyboard** It's referred to the relay with terminals 84-85-86  
**no** = alarm relay remains on for all the duration of the alarm  
**yES** = the alarm relay is switched off by pushing a key
- OT2 Alarm relay polarity**  
**OP** = alarm conditions 84-85 closed

- CL** = alarm conditions 84-85 open
- OT3 Alarm relay 1 off by keyboard** It's referred to the relays configured as ALR1  
**no** = alarm relay remains on for all the duration of the alarm  
**yES** = the alarm relay is switched off by pushing a key
- OT4 Alarm relay 1 polarity**  
**OP** = the alarm relay terminals are open during an alarm  
**CL** = the alarm relay terminals are closed during an alarm
- OT5 Alarm relay 2 off by keyboard** It's referred to the relays configured as ALR2  
**no** = alarm relay remains on for all the duration of the alarm  
**yES** = the alarm relay is switched off by pushing a key
- OT6 Alarm relay 2 polarity**  
**OP** = the alarm relay terminals are open during an alarm  
**CL** = the alarm relay terminals are closed during an alarm
- OT7 Serial address 1 ÷ 247**
- OT8 Serial address for keyboard not used**
- OT9 Off function enabling**  
**no** = it's not possible to switch the controller off by keyboard  
**YES** = it's possible to switch the controller off by keyboard

## 7. Regulation

### 7.1 Neutral zone adjustment – only for compressors

This kind of regulation is available only for compressors. It is used if the parameter C37 = db (C38 = db for circuit 2). The following observations are available only for adjustment **without inverter**. In this case the neutral zone (CP1) is symmetrical compared to the target set point, with extremes: set+CP1/2 ... set-CP1/2. If the pressure (temperature) is inside this zone the controller maintains the same number of loads switched on and off, without changing anything. When the pressure (temperature) goes out from the zone, regulation starts. If the pressure is greater than SET+CP1/2, the loads are switching on with timing given by CP1 parameter.

A load is turned on only if the his safety times:

**CP9 Minimum time between 2 following switching ON of the same compressor** (0÷255 min).

**CP10 Minimum time between the switching off of a compressor and the following switching on.** (0÷255min).

**Note:** usually CP9 is greater than CP10

**CP13 Minimum time load on** (0 ÷ 99.5 min; res. 1sec)

are over.

Regulation stops when the pressure (temperature) comes back into the neutral zone.

In the following a simplify example that explains the regulation in neutral zone for compressor homogeneous with 1 step for each compressors. The safety times **CP9**, **CP10**, **CP13** are not considered. In the real regulation the a load is entered or turned off only if these times are over.

#### Ex. Dead band control, compressors with same capacities, 1 step for each compressor.

In this example:

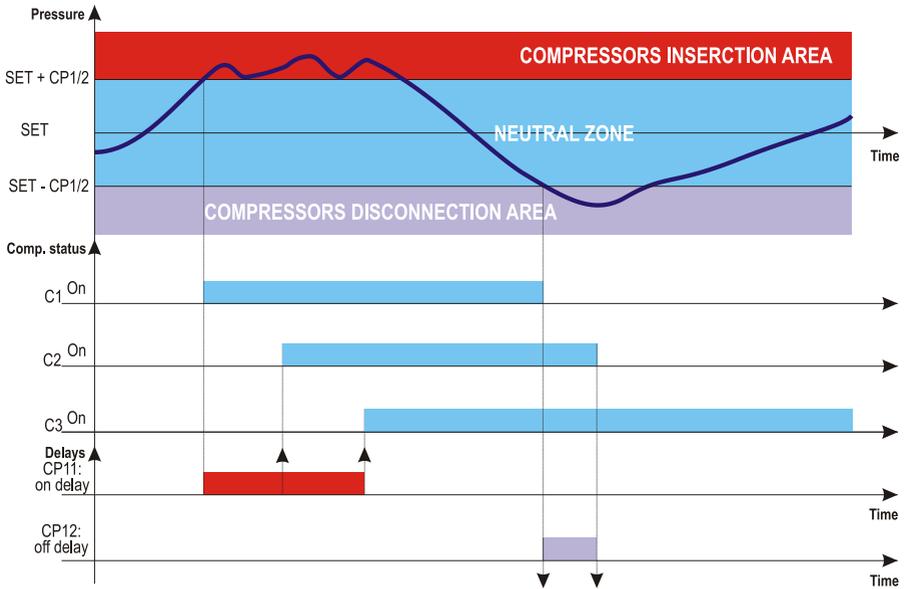
**C1 = cPr1; C2 = cPr1; C3 = cPr1;** number of compressors first circuit.

**C35 = db** dead band regulation

**C39 = yES** rotation

**CP16 = no** "CP11" delay not enabled at first calling after an equilibrium condition.

**CP17 = no** "CP12" delay not enabled at first calling after an equilibrium condition.



## 7.2 Proportional band adjustment – for compressors and fans

This kind of regulation is available for compressors and fans. It is used by compressors if the parameter  $C37 = Pb$  ( $C38 = Pb$  for circuit 2). The following observations are available only for adjustment without inverter. Compressors and fans work in the same way.

Example:

In this case the regulation band (CP1) is divided into as many parts as there are stages according to the following formula:

**# steps =  $C(i) = CPr1$  or Step (number of compr. or steps).**

The numbers of stages switched ON is proportional to the value of the input signal: when this distance itself from the target set point and enters the various bands, the compressors are switched ON, to be then turned OFF when the signal brings near the set point.

In this way if the pressure is greater than regulation band, all the compressors are on, if the pressure (temperature) is lower than the regulation band all the compressors are off.

Naturally also for this regulations all the delays (CP11 and CP12) safety times (**CP9, CP10, CP13**) are taken in account.

### Regulation according to the running hours

The algorithm switch on and off the loads according to the running hours of each load. In this way the running hours are balanced.

### Example

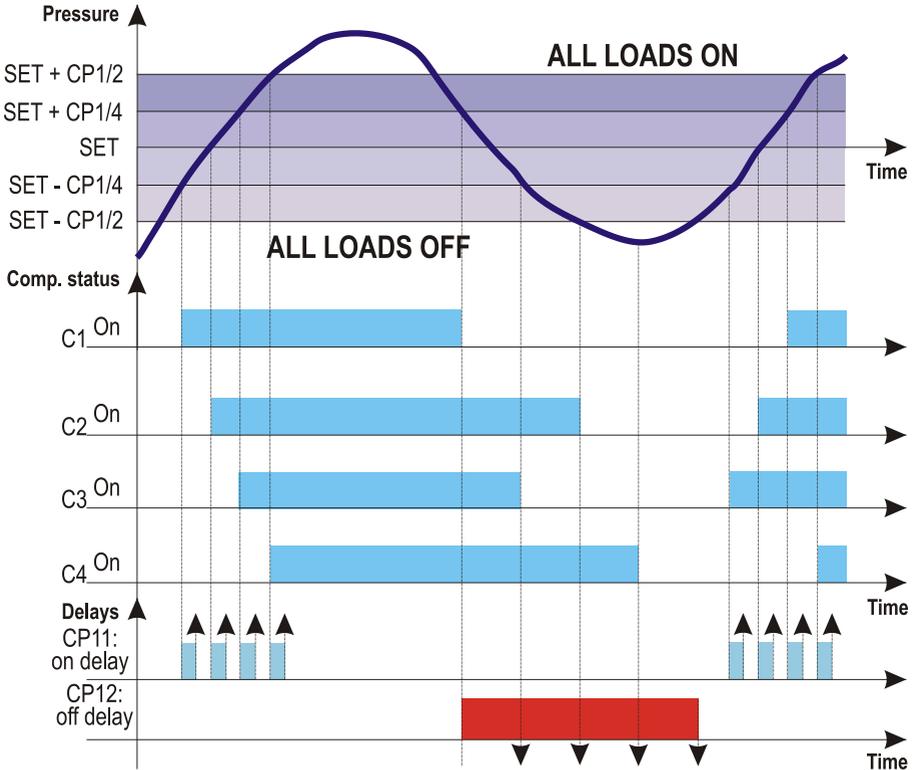
**C1 = cPr1; C2 = cPr1; C3 = cPr1; C4 = cPr1:** 4 compressors

**C37 = Pb** proportional band regulation

**C39 = YES** rotation

**CP16 = no** "CP11" delay not enabled at first calling after a regulation zone.

**CP17 = no** "CP12" delay not enabled at first calling after a regulation zone.



## 8. SCREW COMPRESSORS

Loads activation is managed by the neutral zone. They follows general rules of step compressors:

a. C1..C14 = screw1 or screw2 have to be present, following C2..C15 that are set as Stp, are linked to C1..C14 = screw

The relay group is activated depending on the kind of screw compressors that has been selected on the **C16** parameter.

### 8.1 Regulation with screw compressors like Bitzer/ Hanbell/ Refcomp etc

Screw compressors like Bitzer use up to 4 valves for the power regulation.

The first valve is used during the starting phase for the C35 max time, after this time, the step 2 is automatically activated.

Through the C36 parameter it is possible to decide if the step 1 can be subsequently used during the standard thermoregulation.

### 8.1.1 Relay activation

ES. Compressor with 4 steps:

**C1** = Scrw1; **C2** = Stp; **C3** = Stp; **C4** = Stp; **C16** = Btz

a. Activation with valves ON due to voltage presence (C17=cL).

	<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	<b>C2 = stp</b>	<b>C3 = stp</b>	<b>C4 = stp</b>
<b>Step 1 (25%)</b>	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
<b>Step 2 (50%)</b>	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
<b>Step 3 (75%)</b>	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
<b>Step 4 (100%)</b>	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

b. Activation with valves ON due to voltage absence (C17=oP).

	<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	<b>C2 = stp</b>	<b>C3 = stp</b>	<b>C4 = stp</b>
<b>Step 1 (25%)</b>	ON	OFF	ON	ON
<b>Step 2 (50%)</b>	ON	ON	OFF	ON
<b>Step 3 (75%)</b>	ON	ON	ON	OFF
<b>Step 4 (100%)</b>	ON	ON	ON	ON

## 8.2 Regulation with screw compressors like Frascold

Screw compressors like Frascold use up to 3 valves for the power regulation.

The first valve is used during the starting phase for the C35 max time, after this time, the step 2 is automatically activated.

Through the C36 parameter it is possible to decide if the step 1 can be subsequently used during the standard thermoregulation.

### 8.2.1 Relay activation

ES. Compressor with 4 steps:

**C1** = Scrw1; **C2** = Stp; **C3** = Stp; **C4** = Stp; **C16** = Frtz

a. Activation with valves ON due to voltage presence. (C17=cL)

	<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	<b>C2 = stp</b>	<b>C3 = stp</b>	<b>C4 = stp</b>
<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	ON	ON	ON	OFF
<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	ON	ON	OFF	ON
<b>C1 = Screw1</b>	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

b. Activation with valves ON due to voltage absence. (C17=oP)

	<b>oAi = Screw1</b>	<b>oAi+1 = stp</b>	<b>oAi+2 = stp</b>	<b>oAi+3 = stp</b>
<b>Step 1 (25%)</b>	ON	ON	ON	ON
<b>Step 2 (50%)</b>	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
<b>Step 3 (75%)</b>	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
<b>Step 4 (100%)</b>	ON	OFF	ON	ON

# 9. ANALOG OUTPUTS FOR INVERTER

## 9.1 Compressor management

The analog outputs can be used in a rack with frequency compressor, driven by an inverter. The regulation of the compressors in this case is changed as described in the following graph: The following examples shows the behaviour of the analog output with proportional regulation.

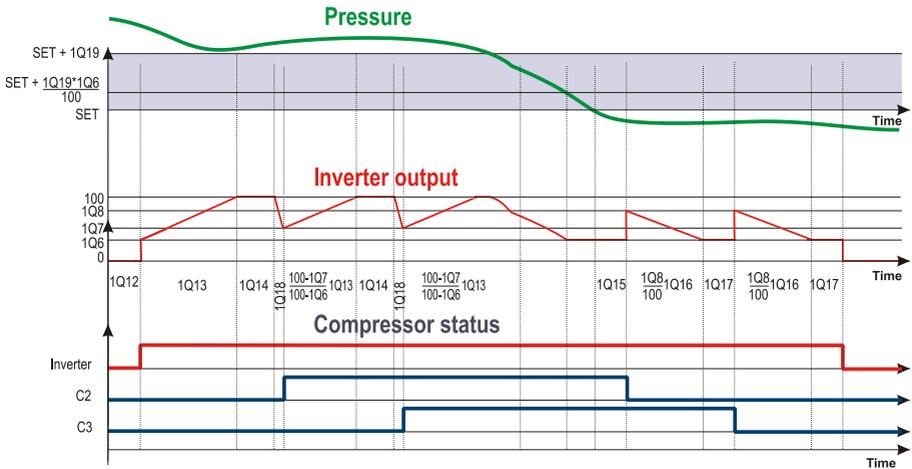
ES.

3 compressors, 1 frequency compressor

**C1 = FRQ1**      **C37 = db**      **1Q8 < 100**

**C2 = CPR1**      **1Q2 = CPR**

**C3 = CPR1**      **1Q7 < 100**



where

- |             |  |               |
|-------------|--|---------------|
| <b>1Q6</b>  | Minimum value for analog out.1   | 0 ÷ 100 %     |
| <b>1Q7</b>  | Analog output1 value after compressor on   | 1Q6 ÷ 100 %   |
| <b>1Q8</b>  | Analog output1 value after compressor off  | 1Q6 ÷ 100 %   |
| <b>1Q12</b> | Regulation delay after entering the regulation band  | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q13</b> | Analog output 1 rise time from 1Q6 to 100% when the pressure is above the regulation band and a load is switched on. | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q14</b> | Analog output 1 permanency at 100% before load activation  | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q15</b> | Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 1 decreasing                 | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q16</b> | Analog output 1 decreasing time from 100% to the 1Q6 value   | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q17</b> | Analog output1 permanency at 1Q6 before a load is switched off   | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |
| <b>1Q18</b> | Analog output1 decreasing time, from 100% to 1Q7 when a load is switched on  | 0 ÷ 255 (sec) |

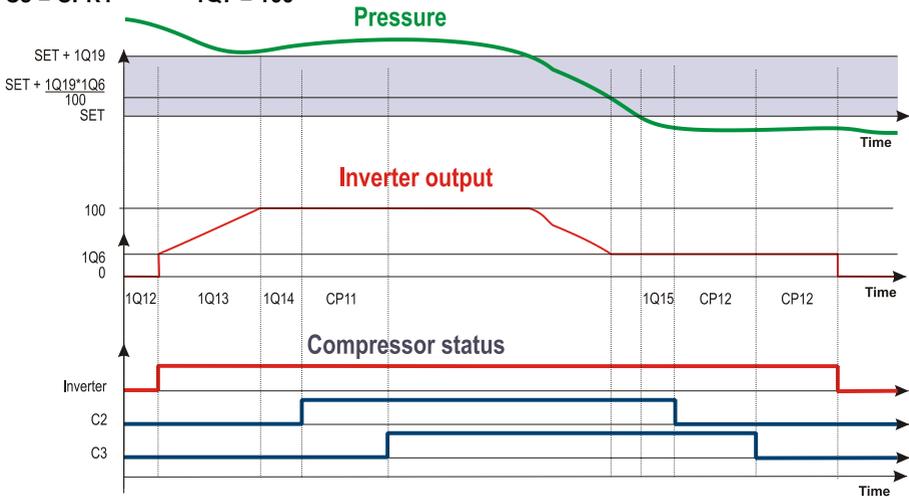
EX.

3 compressors, 1 frequency compressor,

C1 = FRQ1      C37 = db      1Q8 = 100

C2 = CPR1      1Q2 = CPR

C3 = CPR1      1Q7 = 100



where

<b>1Q6</b>	Minimum value for analog out.1	0 ÷ 100 %
<b>1Q12</b>	Regulation delay after entering the regulation band	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
<b>1Q14</b>	Analog output 1 permanency at 100% before load activation	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
<b>1Q15</b>	Delay between pressure (temperature) goes down the set point and start of analog output 1 decreasing	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
<b>CP11</b>	2 different load start delay	0 ÷ 99.5 (min.1sec)
<b>CP12</b>	2 different load off delay	0 ÷ 99.5 (min.1sec)

## 9.2 Fans management with inverter– 1 fans group with inverter mode, others ON in on/off mode

With this configuration, one analog output can be used to drive the inverter (1Q2 or 2Q1 or 3Q2 or 4Q1 = FAN or FAN2). Set the first fans relay as inverter (FRQ1F or FRQ2F), and other relays as fans (FAN1 or FAN2).

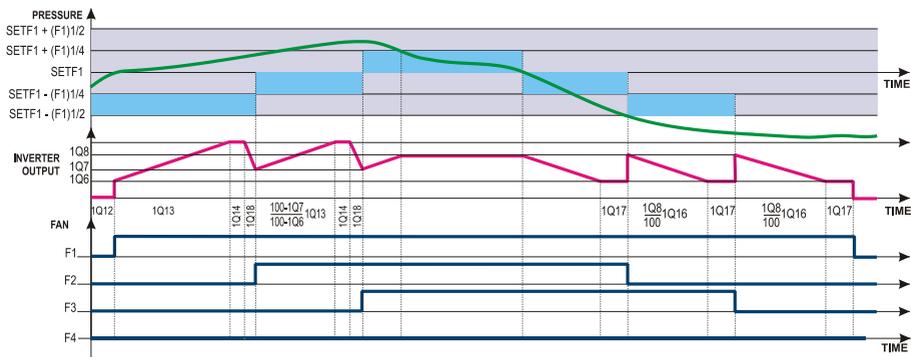
ES.: 4 fans, 1 with inverter. Analog output 1 drives the inverter

C1 = FRQ1F      1Q2 = FAN

C2 = FAN1

C3 = FAN1

C4 = FAN1



- 1Q6** Minimum value for analog output 1 0 + 100 %
- 1Q7** Analog output 1 value after fan activation 1Q6 + 100 %
- 1Q8** Analog output 1 value after fan deactivation 1Q6 + 100 %
- 1Q12** Regulation delay of analog output 1 when the pressure is in the regulation band 0 + 255 (sec)
- 1Q13** Analog output 1 rise time from 1Q6 to 100% when the pressure is outside the regulation band 0 + 255 (sec)
- 1Q14** Analog output 1 permanency at 100% before load activation 0 + 255 (sec)
- 1Q16** Analog output 1 decreasing time from 100% to 1Q6 0 + 255 (sec)
- 1Q17** Analog output 1 permanency at 1Q6 before a fan is switched off with pressure below the set 0 + 255 (sec)
- 1Q18** Analog output 1 decreasing time, from 100% to 1Q7 before a load is switched on 0 + 255 (sec)

### 9.3 Management of all fans with inverter – proportional inverter

In this case all fans of the condensing group are driven by one inverter. The power used by the inverter is proportional to the delivery pressure value.

Set one relay as inverter (FRQ1F or FRQ2F) and set the analog output 3 or 4 to drive it (3Q2 or 4Q1 = INV1 or INV2).

The reference probe is the probe set on parameter 3Q3 or 4Q2 = PBC3 or PBC4, respectively the delivery probe circuit 1 and 2.

The analog output is managed in proportional mode according to the pressure/temperature between the SETF and the SETF1 + 3Q19 (or 4Q18).

Below the SETF the output is OFF, above the SETF the output works at 100%.

If the delivery pressure/temperature is higher than the SETF1(2) value, the relay set as inverter is ON; if the delivery pressure is lower than the SETF1(2) value the relay is OFF.

#### 9.3.1 Use of fans thermal protection

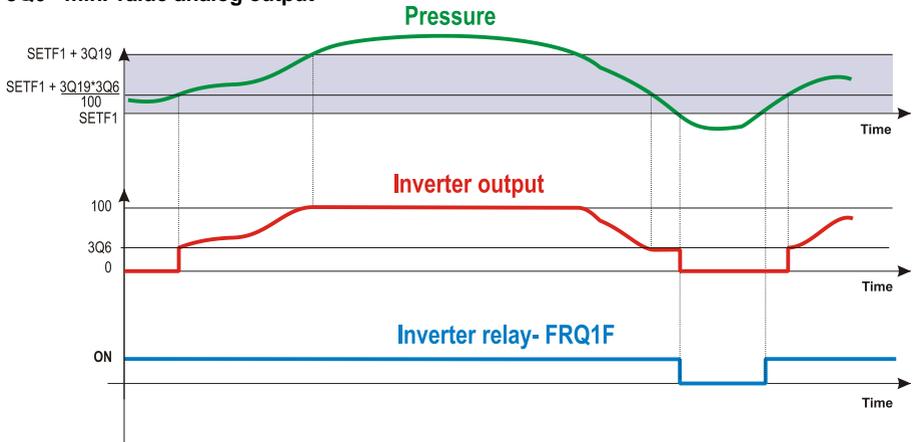
With this configuration it's possible to use XC1000D digital inputs to monitor the fans functioning.

It's necessary to set as much relay as used fans. Connect the thermal protection of every fans to its digital input of the relay set as fan.

DON'T USE relays set as fans.

**ES.:** 4 fans, driven by one inverter.

**C1 = FRQ1F**      **C2 = FAN1**      **C3 = FAN1**      **C4 = FAN1**      **C5 = FAN1**  
**3Q2 = INV1**      **3Q3 = PBC3**      **3Q19 = Regulation band width**  
**3Q6= min. value analog output**



With this configuration, connect the thermal protection of:

- fan 1 to terminals: 5-6 (i.d. 2)
- fan 2 to terminals: 7-8 (i.d. 3)
- fan 3 to terminals: 9-10 (i.d. 4)
- fan 4 to terminals: 11-12 (i.d. 5)

In this way any fans problem is sent to the controller (even if doesn't affect the regulation)

## 10. Alarm list

Usually alarm conditions are signalled by means of:

1. Activation of alarm relays
2. Buzzer activation
3. Message on proper display
4. Log of alarms, hour, data and duration

## 10.1 Alarm conditions – summary table

Code	Description	Cause	Action	Reset
E0L1 (E0L2)	Low pressure-switch alarm for circuit 1 (2)	Low pressure switch input 1 (2) enabled, terminals 52-53 (56-57).	– All compressors of circuit 1 (2) are turned off. Fans unchanged.	<p><b>Automatically</b> if the number of activation are less than Ac12 (Ac16) in the Ac13 (Ac17) time when the input is disable.</p> <p>– The compressors restarts working according to the working algorithm.</p> <p><b>Manually</b>(if Ac12 (Ac16) activation happened in the Ac13 (Ac17) time When the input is disable: a. turn off and on the instrument..</p> <p>– The compressors restarts working according to the working algorithm.</p>
E0H1 (E0H2)	High pressure switch fro circuit 1 (2) alarm	High pressure switch input 1 (2) enabled - terminals 54-55 (58-59)	<p>– All compressors of circuit 1 (2) are turned off.</p> <p>– All fans are of circuit 1 (2) turned on.</p>	<p><b>Automatically</b> if the number of activation are less than AF7 (AF14) in AF8 (AF15) time when the input is disable.</p> <p>– Compressors and fans restart working according to the working algorithm.</p> <p><b>Manually</b> if AF7 (AF14) activation happened in the AF8 (AF15) time When the input is disable: – turn off and on the instrument..</p> <p>Compressors and fans restarts working according to the working algorithm.</p>
P1 (P2)	Suction probe circuit 1 (2) failure alarm	Probe 1 (2) failure or out of range	– The compressors are activated according to the AC14 (AC18) parameters.	<b>Automatically</b> as soon as the probe restarts working.
P3 (P4)	Condensing probe circuit 1 (2) failure alarm	Probe 3 (4) failure or out of range	– The fans are activated according to the AF8 (AF16) parameters.	<b>Automatically</b> as soon as the probe restarts working.
EA1+ EA15	Compressor safeties alarm	Safeties compressor input activation. NOTE: with step compressors 1 input for each compressor has to be used.	– the corresponding compressor is turned off. (with step compressors all relays referred to the input are disabled).	<b>Automatically</b> as soon as the input is disabled.
A02F	Fan safeties alarm	Safeties fan input activation.	– The corresponding output is disabled	<b>Automatically</b> as soon as the input is disabled.

Code	Description	Cause	Action	Reset
LAC1 (LAC)	Minimum pressure (temperature) alarm compressors for circuit 1 (2)	Suction pressure or temperature lower than SETC1-AC3 (SETC2 –AC6) value	– signalling only	<b>Automatically:</b> as soon as the pressure or temperature reaches the SETC1-AC3 (SETC2 – AC6) + differential value. (differential = 0.3bar or 1°C)
LAF1 (LAF2)	Minimum pressure (temperature) alarm fans section for circuit 1 (2)	Condensing pressure or temperature lower than SETF1-AF1 (SETF2 –AF9) value	– signalling only	<b>Automatically:</b> as soon as the pressure or temperature reaches the (SETF1-AF1 (SETF2 – AF9) + differential) value. (differential = 0.3bar or 1°C)
HAC1 (HAC2)	Maximum pressure (temperature) alarm compressors for circuit 1 (2)	Suction pressure or temperature higher than SETC1+AC4 (SETC2 +AC7) value	– signalling only	<b>Automatically:</b> as soon as the pressure or temperature reaches the (SETC1-AC4 (SETC2 – AC7) - differential) value. (differential = 0.3bar or 1°C)
HAF1 (HAF2)	Maximum pressure (temperature) alarm fans section for circuit 1 (2)	Condensing pressure or temperature higher than SETF1+AF2 (SETF2 +AF10) value	– It depends on parameter AF4 (AF12)	<b>Automatically:</b> as soon as the pressure or temperature reaches the SETF1+AF2 (SETF2 +AF10) - differential value. (differential = 0.3bar or 1°C)
LL1(LL 2)	Liquid level alarm for circuit 1 (2)	Proper digital input enabled	– signalling only	<b>Automatically</b> as soon as the input is disabled
Clock failure	Clock failure alarm	Problem on RTC board	– signalling only With this alarm the activation by RTC of the reduced set point and the alarm log are not available.	<b>Manually:</b> it is necessary to replace the RTC board.
Set clock	Clock data lost	The clock back up battery is exhausted	– signalling only – With this alarm the activation by RTC of the reduced set point and the alarm log are not available.	<b>Manually:</b> set the data and the time
SEr1+S Er15	Compressors maintenance alarm	A compressor has worked for the time set in the AC10 parameter	- signalling only	<b>Manually:</b> reset the running hour of the compressor (see par. 4.5)

## 11. Configuration errors

Error N.	Parameters	Alarm description	Action
1	<b>C1-C15</b> different from Screw1 or Screw2 <b>C16</b> = Btz or Frsc	Compressors configuration alarm. Set properly par. C16	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)
2	One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Screw1 or Screw2 <b>C16</b> = SPo	Compressors configuration alarm. Set properly par. C16	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)
3	One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters configured as StP. Don't configure any <b>C1-C15</b> parameter as compressor.	Presence valve without compressor	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)
4	One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Frq1 after CPR1; One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Frq2 after CPR2	Compressor before inverter: <b>check C1-C15 parameters</b> or More than one relay set as inverter: <b>check C1-C15 parameters.</b> or One relay set as frequency compressors and none analog output set: <b>check C1-C15 parameters and: 1Q2, 2Q1, 3Q2, 4Q1.</b>	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)
5	One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Frq1F after FAN1; One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Frq2F after FAN2	Fan before inverter: <b>check C1-C15 parameters.</b> or More than one relay set as inverter: <b>check C1-C15 parameters.</b> or One relay set as fan inverter and no analog output set: <b>check C1-C15 parameters and: 1Q2, 2Q1, 3Q2, 4Q1.</b>	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)
6	One of <b>C1-C15</b> parameters = Screw1 or Screw2 followed by more than 3 stp <b>C16</b> = Btz or Frsc	Number of wrong compressor steps: <b>check C1-C15 parameters.</b>	Machine stop (all relays configured as compr. or fans OFF)

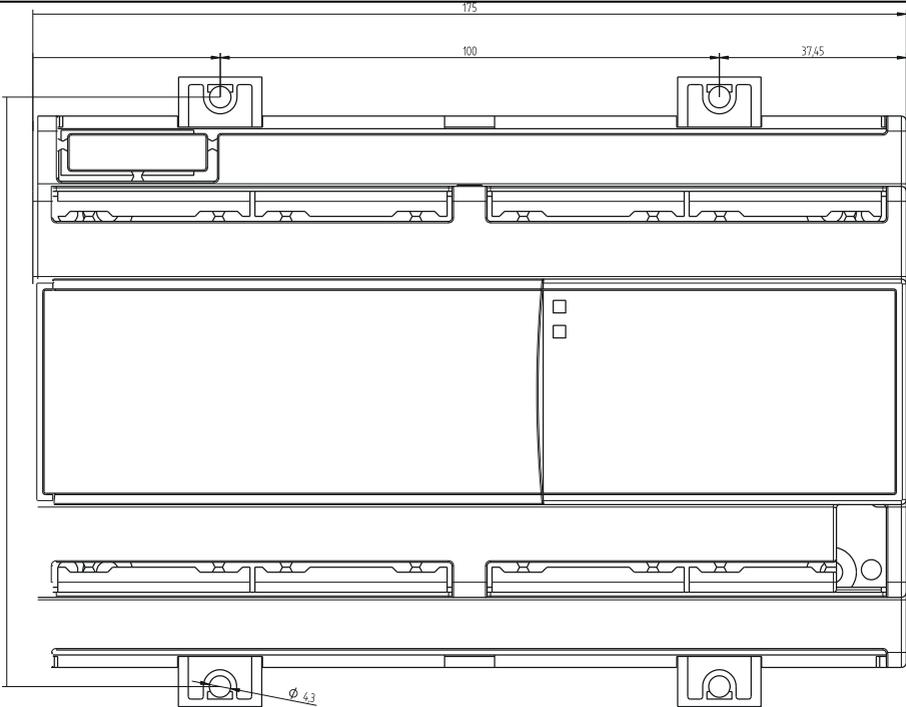
## 12. Mounting & installation

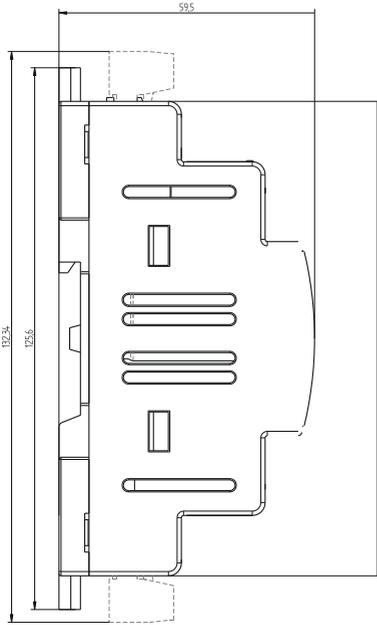
The instruments are suitable only for internal use. They are din rail mounted.

The ambient operating temperature range is between 0-60°C.

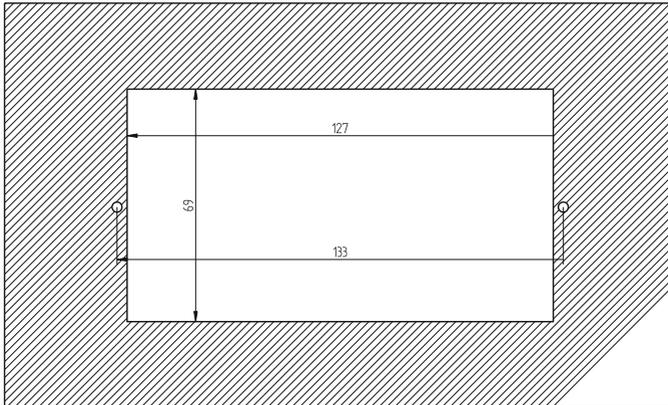
Avoid locations subject to heavy vibration, corrosive gases or excessive dirt. The same applies to the probes. Ensure ventilation around the instrument.

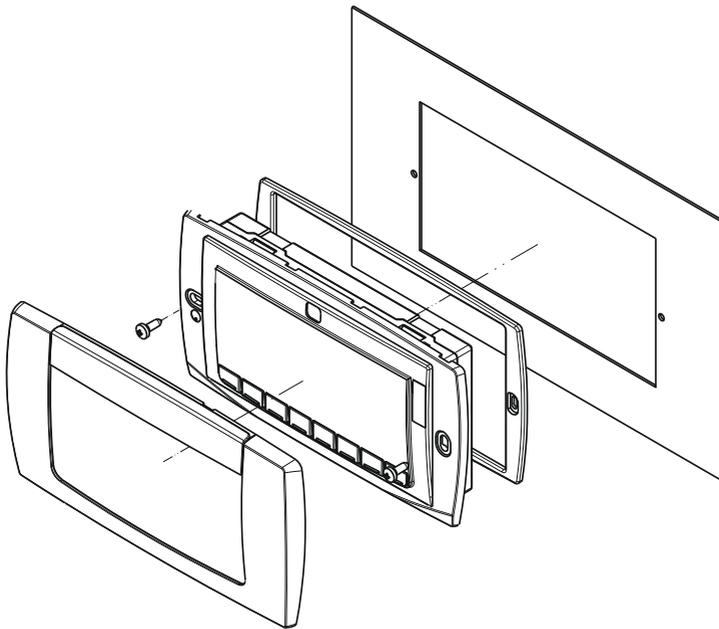
### 12.1 XC1000D dimensions





## 12.2 VG810 dimensions and mounting





## 13. Electrical connections

The instruments are provided with disconnectable screw terminal blocks to connect cables with a cross section up to 2,5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

Before connecting cables make sure the power supply complies with the instrument's requirements. Separate the input connection cables from the power supply cables, from the outputs and the power connections. **Do not exceed the maximum current allowed on each relay**, in case of heavier loads use a suitable external relay.

### 13.1 Probes connection

**Pressure probe (4 - 20 mA):** respect the polarity. If using terminal ends be sure there are no bare parts which could cause short circuiting or introduce noise disturbance at high frequencies. To minimise the induced disturbances use shielded cables with the shield connected to earth.

**Temperature probe:** it is recommended to place the temperature probe away from direct air streams to correctly measure the temperature.

## 14. RS485 serial link

All models can be integrated into the monitoring and alarm system using the RS485 serial port. They use the standard ModBus RTU protocol, so they can be fitted in a system integrator using this protocol.

## 15. Technical features

**Housing:** plastic self extinguishing V0.

**Case:** 175x132 mm; depth 60 mm.

**Mounting:** DIN rail mounting

**Number of configurable relays:** **XC1015D:** 15 (relè 7A 250Vac)

**XC1011D:** 11 (relè 7A 250Vac)

**XC1008D:** 8 (relè 7A 250Vac)

**Analog inputs:**

**XC1011D, XC1015D:** 4 x 4-20mA o 0÷5V o NTC configurable probe.

**XC1008D:** 2 x 4-20mA o 0÷5V o NTC configurable probe.

**Safety alarm inputs – main voltage:**

**XC1008D:** 8, main voltage, connected to the loads

**XC1011D:** 11, main voltage, connected to the loads

**XC1015D:** 15, main voltage, connected to the loads

**Configurable digital input:**

**XC1011D, XC1015D:** 4, free voltage.

**XC1008D:** 2, free voltage.

**Safety Pressure switch inputs**

**XC1011D, XC1015D:** 4 main voltage, LP and HP.

**XC1008D:** 2 main voltage, LP and HP.

**Global Alarm output:** 1 relay 8A 250Vac

**Power supply:** 24Vac/dc  $\pm$  10%,

**Type of refrigerant:** R22, R134a, R404a, R507

**Alarm logger:** the last 100 alarm conditions are stored and displayed

**Easy programming:** via hot- key

**Communication Protocol:** Standard ModBus RTU, full documented

**Operating temperature:** 0÷60°C

**Storage temperature:** -30÷85 °C

**Resolution:** 1/100 Bar, 1/10 °C, 1 °F, 1 PSI

**Accuracy:** better than 1% of F.S.

**RTC back up battery:** full load battery: typical: 6 months, minimum: 4 month

## 16. Default setting

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
SETC1	-18.0	-18.0	-18.0	Pr1	Compressor set point circuit 1	
SETF1	35.0	35.0	35.0	Pr1	Fan set point circuit 1	
SETC2	-18.0	-18.0	-18.0	Pr1	Compressor set point circuit 2	
SETF2	35.0	35.0	35.0	Pr1	Fan set point circuit 2	
C0	1A1d	1A1D	1A1D	Pr2	Kind of plant	0A1d(0) - 1A0d(1) - 1A1d(2) - 0A2d(3) - 2A0d(4) - 2A1d(5) - 2A2d(6)
C1	CPr1	CPr1	CPr1	Pr2	Relay 1 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C2	CPr1	CPr1	CPr1	Pr2	Relay 2 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C3	CPr1	CPr1	CPr1	Pr2	Relay 3 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C4	CPr1	CPr1	CPr1	Pr2	Relay 4 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C5	Fan1	CPr1	CPr1	Pr2	Relay 5 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C6	Fan1	Fan1	Fan1	Pr2	Relay 6 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C7	Fan1	Fan1	Fan1	Pr2	Relay 7 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C8	Fan1	Fan1	Fan1	Pr2	Relay 8 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C9	-	Fan1	Fan1	Pr2	Relay 9 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C10	-	Fan1	Fan1	Pr2	Relay 10 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C11	-	FAn1	nu	Pr2	Relay 11 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C12	-	-	nu	Pr2	Relay 12 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C13	-	-	nu	Pr2	Relay 13 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C14	-	-	nu	Pr2	Relay 14 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C15	-	-	nu	Pr2	Relay 15 configuration	Frq1; Frq2; CPr1; CP2; StP; Frq1F; Frq2F; FAn1; FAn2; Alr; ALr1; ALr2; AUS1; AUS2; AUS3; AUS4; onF; nu
C16	SPo	SPo	SPo	Pr2	Kind of compressors	SPo(0) - dPo(1)
C17	CL	cL	cL	Pr2	Valve polarity circuit 1	OP - CL
C18	-	cL	cL	Pr2	Valve polarity circuit 2	OP - CL

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
C34	404	0	0	Pr2	Kind of gas	0 ÷ 255
C35	60	0	0	Pr2	Screw compressors' second step activation delay	0 ÷ 255
C36	NO	0	0	Pr2	Screw compressors' first step used in regulation	0 ÷ 255
C37	db	0	0	Pr2	Regulation for compressor circuit 1	0 ÷ 255
C38	-	0	0	Pr2	Regulation for compressor circuit 2	0 ÷ 255
C41	YES	0	0	Pr2	Compressor rotation circuit 1	0 ÷ 255
C42	-	0	0	Pr2	Compressor rotation circuit 2	0 ÷ 255
C45	YES	0	0	Pr2	Fan rotation circuit 1	0 ÷ 255
C44	-	0	0	Pr2	Fan rotation circuit 2	0 ÷ 255
C45	C / dec	0	0	Pr2	Displaying measurement unit	0 ÷ 255
C46	rEL	0	0	Pr2	Pressure display (rel/abs)	0 ÷ 255
AI1	Cur	Cur	Cur	Pr2	Kind of probe of P1 & P2	Cur(0) - Ptc(1) - ntc(2) - rAt(3)
AI2	-0,5	-0.50	-0.50	Pr2	Probe 1 readout at 4mA/0V	(-1.00 ÷ AI3) <sup>BAR</sup> (-15 ÷ AI3) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI3	11,0	11.00	11.00	Pr2	Probe 1 readout at 20mA/5V	(AI2 ÷ 100.00) <sup>BAR</sup> (AI2 ÷ 750) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI4	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr2	Probe 1 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI5	-	-0.50	-0.50	Pr2	Probe 2 readout at 4mA/0V	(-1.00 ÷ AI6) <sup>BAR</sup> (-15 ÷ AI6) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI6	-	11.00	11.00	Pr2	Probe 2 readout at 20mA/5V	(AI5 ÷ 100.00) <sup>BAR</sup> (AI5 ÷ 750) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI7	-	0.0	0.0	Pr2	Probe 2 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120÷120
AI8	Cur	Cur	Cur	Pr2	Kind of probe of P3 & P4	Cur(0) - Ptc(1) - ntc(2) - rAt(3)
AI9	0,0	0.00	0.00	Pr2	Probe 3 readout at 4mA/0V	(-1.00 ÷ AI10) <sup>BAR</sup> (-15 ÷ AI10) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI10	30,0	30.00	30.00	Pr2	Probe 3 readout at 20mA/5V	(AI9 ÷ 100.00) <sup>BAR</sup> (AI9 ÷ 750) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI11	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr2	Probe 3 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI12	-	0.00	0.00	Pr2	Probe 4 readout at 4mA/0V	(-1.00 ÷ AI13) <sup>BAR</sup> (-15 ÷ AI13) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI13	-	30.00	30.00	Pr2	Probe 4 readout at 20mA/5V	(AI12 ÷ 100.00) <sup>BAR</sup> (AI12 ÷ 750) <sup>PSI</sup>
AI14	-	0.0	0.0	Pr2	Probe 4 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI15	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr2	Alarm relay for regulation faulty probe	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
AI16	ntc	Ntc	Ntc	Pr1	Probe 5 setting (ntc/ptc)	ptc(0) - ntc(1)
AI17	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Probe 5 action type	nu = not used ; <b>Au1</b> = Probe for AUX1 thermostat; <b>Au2</b> = Probe for AUX2 thermostat; <b>Au3</b> = Probe for AUX3 thermostat; <b>Au4</b> = Probe for AUX4 thermostat; <b>otC1</b> = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 1 <b>otC2</b> = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 2 <b>ota1</b> = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 1 <b>ota2</b> = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 2
AI18	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Probe 5 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI19	ntc	Ntc	Ntc	Pr1	Probe 6 setting (ntc/ptc)	ptc(0) - ntc(1)
AI20	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Probe 6 action type	nu = not used ; <b>Au1</b> = Probe for AUX1 thermostat; <b>Au2</b> = Probe for AUX2 thermostat; <b>Au3</b> = Probe for AUX3 thermostat; <b>Au4</b> = Probe for AUX4 thermostat; <b>otC1</b> = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 1 <b>otC2</b> = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 2 <b>ota1</b> = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 1 <b>ota2</b> = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 2
AI21	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Probe 6 calibration	(dEU=bar °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI22	ntc	Ntc	Ntc	Pr1	Probe 7 setting (ntc/ptc)	ptc(0) - ntc(1)

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
AI23	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Probe 7 action type	nu = not used ; Au1 = Probe for AUX1 thermostat; Au2 = Probe for AUX2 thermostat; Au3 = Probe for AUX3 thermostat; Au4 = Probe for AUX4 thermostat; otC1 = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 1 otC2 = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 2 otA1 = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 1 otA2 = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 2
AI24	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Probe 7 calibration	(dEU=bar o °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI o °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI25	ntc	Ntc	Ntc	Pr1	Probe 8 setting (ntc/ptc)	ptc(0) - ntc(1)
AI26	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Probe 8 action type	nu = not used ; Au1 = Probe for AUX1 thermostat; Au2 = Probe for AUX2 thermostat; Au3 = Probe for AUX3 thermostat; Au4 = Probe for AUX4 thermostat; otC1 = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 1 otC2 = dynamic set point for delivery – circuit 2 otA1 = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 1 otA2 = dynamic set point for suction – circuit 2
AI27	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Probe 8 calibration	(dEU=bar o °C) -12.0 ÷ 12.0 (dEU=PSI o °F) -120 ÷ 120
AI28	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Alarm relay for AUX faulty probe	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
DI2	cL	CL	CL	Pr2	LP switch polarity - circuit 1	OP - CL
DI3	-	CL	CL	Pr2	LP switch polarity - circuit 2	OP - CL
DI4	cL	CL	CL	Pr2	HP switch polarity - circuit 1	OP - CL
DI5	-	CL	CL	Pr2	HP switch polarity - circuit 2	OP - CL
DI6	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr2	Relay for pressure switch alarm	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
DI7	cL	CL	CL	Pr2	Safe input polarity compressor circuit 1	OP - CL
DI8	-	CL	CL	Pr2	Safe input polarity compressor circuit 2	OP - CL
DI9	cL	CL	CL	Pr2	Safety input polarity fan circuit 1	OP - CL
DI10	-	CL	CL	Pr2	Safety input polarity fan circuit 2	OP - CL
DI11	no	NO	NO	Pr2	Manual restart for compressor alarm	no - YES
DI12	no	NO	NO	Pr2	Manual restart for fan alarm	no - YES
DI13	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr2	Relay for compressor or fan alarm	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
DI14	CL	CL	CL	Pr1	Polarity of configurable digital input 1	OP - CL
DI15	LL1	LL1	LL1	Pr1	Function of configurable digital input 1	ES1 - ES2 - OFF1 - OFF2 - LL1 - LL2 -noCRO - noSTD1- noSTD2
DI16	10	20	20	Pr1	Delay of configurable digital input 1	0 ÷ 255 (min)
DI17	CL	CL	CL	Pr1	Polarity of configurable digital input 2	OP - CL
DI18	ES1	ES1	ES1	Pr1	Function of configurable digital input 2	ES1 - ES2 - OFF1 - OFF2 - LL1 - LL2 -noCRO - noSTD1- noSTD2
DI19	0	0	0	Pr1	Delay of configurable digital input 2	0 ÷ 255 (min)
DI20	CL	CL	CL	Pr1	Polarity of configurable digital input 3	OP - CL
DI21	LL2	LL2	LL2	Pr1	Function of configurable digital input 3	ES1 - ES2 - OFF1 - OFF2 - LL1 - LL2 -noCRO - noSTD1- noSTD2
DI22	0	20	20	Pr1	Delay of configurable digital input 3	0 ÷ 255 (min)
DI23	CL	CL	CL	Pr1	Polarity of configurable digital input 4	OP - CL
DI24	ES2	ES2	ES2	Pr1	Function of configurable digital input 4	ES1 - ES2 - OFF1 - OFF2 - LL1 - LL2 -noCRO - noSTD1- noSTD2
DI25	0	0	0	Pr1	Delay of configurable digital input 4	0 ÷ 255 (min)
DI26	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Relay for LL alarm - circuit 1	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
DI27	-	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Relay for LL alarm - circuit 2	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
CP1	4.0	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width circuit 1	(BAR) 0.10÷10.00 (°C) 0.0÷25.0 (PSI) 1÷80 (°F) 1÷60

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
CP2	-40,0	-40,0	-40,0	Pr1	Minimum set point circuit 1	BAR: (AI2 + SETC1); °C: (-50.0 + SETC1); PSI : (AI2 + SETC1); °F: (-58.0 + SETC1)
CP3	10,0	10,0	10,0	Pr1	Maximum set point circuit 1	BAR: (SETC1+AI3); °C : (SETC1 + 150.0); PSI : (SETC1 + AI3); °F: (SETC1 + 302)
CP4	0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Energy saving circuit 1	<sup>(BAR)</sup> -20.00+20.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> -50.0+50.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> -300+300 <sup>(°F)</sup> -90+90
CP5	-	5.0	5.0	Pr1	Regulation band width circuit 2	<sup>(BAR)</sup> 0.10+10.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> 0.0+25.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> 1+80 <sup>(°F)</sup> 1+50
CP6	-	-40,0	-40,0	Pr1	Minimum set point circuit 2	BAR: (AI5 + SETC2); °C: (-50.0 + SETC2); PSI : (AI5 + SETC2); °F: (-58.0 + SETC2)
CP7	-	10,0	10,0	Pr1	Maximum set point circuit 2	BAR: (SETC2+AI6); °C : (SETC2 + 150.0); PSI : (SETC2 + AI6); °F: (SETC2 + 302)
CP8	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Energy saving circuit 2	<sup>(BAR)</sup> -20.00+20.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> -50.0+50.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> -300+300 <sup>(°F)</sup> -90+90
CP9	5	5	5	Pr1	2 start compressor delay	0 + 255 (min)
CP10	2	2	2	Pr1	Minimum time load off	0 + 255 (min)
CP11	15	15	15	Pr1	2 different load start delay	0 + 99.5 (min.1sec)
CP12	5	5	5	Pr1	2 different load off delay	0 + 99.5 (min.1sec)
CP13	15	15	15	Pr1	Minimum time load on	0 + 99.5 (min.1sec)
CP14	0	nu	nu	Pr1	Maximum time load on (0=nu)	0 + 24 (h) – with 0 the function is disabled
CP15	0	0	0	Pr1	Min time Frq1-2 off after CP14	0 + 255 (min)
CP16	no	NO	NO	Pr1	CP11 enabled also at first on	no - YES
CP17	no	NO	NO	Pr1	CP12 enabled also at first off	no - YES
CP18	10	10	10	Pr1	Output delay at power on	0 + 255 (sec)
CP19	-	NO	NO	Pr2	Booster function enabled	no - YES
F1	4,0	4,0	4,0	Pr1	Regulation band width circuit 1	<sup>(BAR)</sup> 0.10+10.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> 0.0+30.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> 1+80 <sup>(°F)</sup> 1+50.0
F2	10,0	10,0	10,0	Pr1	Minimum set point circuit 1	BAR: (AI9 + SETF1); °C: (-50.0 + SETF1); PSI : (AI9 + SETF1); °F: (-58.0 + SETF1)
F3	60,0	60,0	60,0	Pr1	Maximum set point circuit 1	BAR: (SETF1+AI10); °C : (SETF1 + 150.0); PSI : (SETF1 + AI10); °F: (SETF1 + 302)
F4	0,0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Energy saving circuit 1	<sup>(BAR)</sup> -20.00+20.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> -50.0+50.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> - 300+300 <sup>(°F)</sup> -90+90
F5	-	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width circuit 2	<sup>(BAR)</sup> 0.10+10.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> 0.0+30.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> 1+80 <sup>(°F)</sup> 1+50.0
F6	-	10,0	10,0	Pr1	Minimum set point circuit 2	BAR: (AI12 + SETF2); °C: (-50.0 + SETF2); PSI : (AI12 + SETF2); °F: (-58.0 + SETF2)
F7	-	60,0	60,0	Pr1	Maximum set point circuit 2	BAR: (SETF2+AI13); °C : (SETF2 + 150.0); PSI : (SETF2 + AI13); °F: (SETF2 + 302)
F8	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Energy saving circuit 2	<sup>(BAR)</sup> -20.00+20.00 <sup>(°C)</sup> -50.0+50.0 <sup>(PSI)</sup> - 300+300 <sup>(°F)</sup> -90+90
F9	15	15	15	Pr1	2 different fan start delay	1 + 255 (sec)
F10	5	5	5	Pr1	2 different fan off delay	1 + 255 (sec)
HS1	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Monday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS2	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Monday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
HS3	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Tuesday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS4	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Tuesday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
HS5	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Wednesday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS6	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Wednesday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
HS7	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Thursday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS8	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Thursday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
HS9	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Friday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS10	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Friday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
HS11	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Saturday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS12	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Saturday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
HS13	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Energy Saving start time on Sunday	0:0+23.5h; nu
HS14	00,00	00:00	00:00	Pr1	Sunday Energy Saving duration	0:0+23.5h;
AC1	30	30	30	Pr1	Probe 1 alarm delay at power on	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC2	-	30	30	Pr1	Probe 2 alarm delay at power on	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC3	15,0	15,0	15,0	Pr1	Minimum temp/press alarm circuit 1	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AC4	20,0	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Maximum temp/press alarm circuit 1	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AC5	20	20	20	Pr1	Temp/press alarm delay circuit 1	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC6	-	15,0	15,0	Pr1	Minimum temp/press alarm circuit 2	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AC7	-	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Maximum temp/press alarm circuit 2	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AC8	-	20	20	Pr1	Temp/press alarm delay circuit 2	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC9	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Relay for temp/press alarm	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
AC10	20000	20000	20000	Pr1	Running hours for maintenance	0 ÷ 25000 - with 0 the function is disabled
AC11	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Relay for maintenance alarm	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
AC12	15	15	15	Pr1	LP switch 1 activation number	0 ÷ 15
AC13	15	15	15	Pr1	LP switch 1 activation time	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC14	2	2	2	Pr1	Compressure on-faulty probe1	0 ÷ 15
AC16	-	15	15	Pr1	LP switch 2 activation number	0 ÷ 15
AC17	-	15	15	Pr1	LP switch 2 activation time	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AC18	-	2	2	Pr1	Compressure on-faulty probe2	0 ÷ 15
AF1	20,0	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Minimum temp/press alarm circuit 1	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AF2	20,0	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Maximum temp/press alarm circuit 1	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AF3	20	20	20	Pr1	Temp/press alarm delay circuit 1	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF4	no	NO	NO	Pr1	Compressor off with max alarm 1	no - YES
AF5	2	2	2	Pr1	Off delay with max alarm 1	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF6	15	15	15	Pr1	HP switch 1 activation number	0 ÷ 15
AF7	15	15	15	Pr1	HP switch 1 activation time	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF8	2	2	2	Pr1	Fans on with faulty probe 3	0 ÷ 15
AF9	-	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Minimum temp/press alarm circuit 2	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AF10	-	20,0	20,0	Pr1	Maximum temp/press alarm circuit 2	$(0.10 \div 30.00)^{\text{BAR}} (0.0 \div 100.0)^{\text{C}} (1 \div 430)^{\text{PSI}}$ $(1 \div 200.0)^{\text{F}}$
AF11	-	20	20	Pr1	Temp/press alarm delay circuit 2	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF12	-	NO	NO	Pr1	Compressor off with max alarm 2	no - YES
AF13	-	2	2	Pr1	Off delay with max alarm 2	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF14	-	15	15	Pr1	HP switch 2 activation number	0 ÷ 15
AF15	-	15	15	Pr1	HP switch 2 activation time	0 ÷ 255 (min)
AF16	-	2	2	Pr1	Fans on with faulty probe 3	0 ÷ 15
AF17	ALr	ALr	ALr	Pr1	Relay for temp/press alarm	nu - ALr - ALr1 - ALr2
O1	no	NO	NO	Pr2	Dynamic set enabled - circuit 1	no - YES
O2	-18,0	-18,0	-18,0	Pr2	Maximum set for circuit 1	SETC1+CP3
O3	15,0	15,0	15,0	Pr2	Dynamic set start temperature circuit 1	-40+04 °C /-40+04°F
O4	15,0	15,0	15,0	Pr2	Dynamic set stop temperature circuit 1	O3+150°C /O3+302°F
O5	-	NO	NO	Pr2	Dynamic set enabled - circuit 2	no - YES
O6	-	-18,0	-18,0	Pr2	Maximum set for circuit 2	SETC2+CP7
O7	-	15,0	15,0	Pr2	Dynamic set start temperature circuit 2	-40+08 °C /-40+08°F
O8	-	15,0	15,0	Pr2	Dynamic set stop temperature circuit 2	O7+150°C /O7+302°F
O9	no	NO	NO	Pr2	Dynamic set enabled - circuit 1	no - YES
O10	25,0	25,0	25,0	Pr2	Minimum condens. set - circuit 1	F2+SETF1
O11	15	15,0	15,0	Pr2	Differential dynamic set-circuit 1	(BAR) -20.00=20.00 (°C) -50.0+50.0 (PSI) -

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
						300+300 (°F) -90+90
<b>O12</b>	-	NO	NO	Pr2	Dynamic set enabled - circuit 2	no - YES
<b>O13</b>	-	25.0	25.0	Pr2	Minimum condens. set - circuit 2	F6+SETF2
<b>O14</b>	-	15.0	15.0	Pr2	Differential dynamic set-circuit 2	(BAR) -20.00+20.00 (°C) -50.0+50.0 (PSI) - 300+300 (°F) -90+90
<b>1Q1</b>	4.20mA	4.20mA	4.20mA	Pr1	Analog outputs 1-2 setting	4.20 mA (0) - 0.10 V (1)
<b>1Q2</b>	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Analog output 1 function	FREE - CPR - CPR2 - FAN - FAN2 - INVF1 - INVF2 - nu
<b>1Q3</b>	Pbc1	Pbc1	Pbc1	Pr1	Probe for analog output 1	Pbc1(0) - Pbc2(1) ; used only with 1Q2 = 0
<b>1Q4</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Lower limit for analog output 1	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; - 58+302°F;
<b>1Q5</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	Pr1	Upper limit for analog output 1	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; - 58+302°F;
<b>1Q6</b>	30	50	50	Pr1	Minimum value for analog output 1	0 + 100 %
<b>1Q7</b>	40	50	50	Pr1	Analog output 1 value after compressor start	1Q6 + 100 %
<b>1Q8</b>	40	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 1 value after compressor off	1Q6 + 100 %
<b>1Q9</b>	40	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band start value 1	1Q7 + 100 %
<b>1Q10</b>	40	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band end value 1	1Q9 + 100 %
<b>1Q11</b>	50	50	50	Pr1	Safety value for Analog output 1	0 + 100 (%)
<b>1Q12</b>	0	0	0	Pr1	Regulation delay after exit from neutral zone	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q13</b>	60	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 1 rise time	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q14</b>	10	10	10	Pr1	Analog output 1 permanency before load activation	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q15</b>	0	2	2	Pr1	Analog output 1 decreasing delay	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q16</b>	150	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 1 decreasing time	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q17</b>	10	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 1 permanency before load off	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q18</b>	5	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 1 decreasing time after load off	0 + 255 (sec)
<b>1Q19</b>	4.0	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width 1	0.10+25.00bar; 0.0+25.0°C; 1+250 PSI; 1+250°F;10+2500 KPA
<b>1Q20</b>	350	350	350	Pr1	Integral time 1	0+999s; with 0 integral action excluded
<b>1Q21</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Band offset 1	(-12.0+12.0°C -12.00 + 12.00BAR, - 120+120°F, -120+120PSI); -1200+1200KPA
<b>1Q22</b>	4.0	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Anti reset wind-up 1	0.0+99.0 °C; 0+180°F; 0.00+50.00bar; 0+725PSI; 0+5000kPA
<b>1Q24</b>	0	0	0	Pr1	Minimum capacity of inverter 1	0+99%; with 0 function excluded
<b>1Q25</b>	255	255	255	Pr1	Maximum time at minimum capacity of inverter 1	1+255min
<b>1Q26</b>	2	2	2	Pr1	Time at maximum capacity of inverter 1	1+255min
<b>2Q1</b>	-	nu	nu	Pr1	Analog output 2 function	FREE - CPR - CPR2 - FAN - FAN2 - INVF1 - INVF2 - nu
<b>2Q2</b>	-	Pbc2	Pbc2	Pr1	Probe for analog output 2	Pbc1(0) - Pbc2(1) ; usata solo quando 2Q2 = 0
<b>2Q3</b>	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Lower limit for analog output 2	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; - 58+302°F;
<b>2Q4</b>	-	100.0	100.0	Pr1	Upper limit for analog output 2	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; - 58+302°F;
<b>2Q5</b>	-	50	50	Pr1	Minimum value for analog output 2	0 + 100 (%)
<b>2Q6</b>	-	50	50	Pr1	Analog output 2 value after compressor start	2Q5 + 100 %
<b>2Q7</b>	-	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 2 value after compressor off	2Q5 + 100 %
<b>2Q8</b>	-	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band start value 2	2Q6 + 100 %

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
2Q9	-	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band end value 2	2Q8 + 100 %
2Q10	-	50	50	Pr1	Safety value for Analog output 2	0 + 100 (%)
2Q11	-	0	0	Pr1	Regulation delay after exit from neutral zone	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q12	-	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 2 rise time	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q13	-	10	10	Pr1	Analog output 2 permanency before load activation	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q14	-	2	2	Pr1	Analog output 2 decreasing delay	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q15	-	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 2 decreasing time	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q16	-	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 2 permanency before load off	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q17	-	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 2 decreasing time after load off	0 + 255 (sec)
2Q18	-	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width 2	0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA
2Q19	-	350	350	Pr1	Integral time 2	0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded
2Q20	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Band offset 2	-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 + 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -120÷120PSI; -1200÷1200KPA
2Q21	-	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Anti reset wind-up 2	0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50.00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000kPA
2Q23	-	0	0	Pr1	Minimum capacity of inverter 2	0÷99%; with 0 function excluded
2Q24	-	255	255	Pr1	Maximum time at minimum capacity of inverter 2	1÷255min
2Q25	-	2	2	Pr1	Time at maximum capacity of inverter 2	1÷255min
3Q1	4.20mA	4.20mA	4.20mA	Pr1	Analog outputs 3-4 setting	4.20 mA (0) - 0.10 V (1)
3Q2	nu	nu	nu	Pr1	Analog output 3 function	FREE – CPR - CPR2 - FAN - FAN2 - INVVF1 - INVVF2 - nu
3Q3	Pbc3	Pbc3	Pbc3	Pr1	Probe for analog output 3	Pbc3(0); Pbc4(1); used with 3Q2 = 0
3Q4	0.0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Lower limit for analog output 3	-1÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F;
3Q5	100.0	100.0	100.0	Pr1	Upper limit for analog output 3	-1÷100.00 bar; -15÷750PSI; -50÷150°C; -58÷302°F;
3Q6	30	50	50	Pr1	Minimum value for analog output 3	0 + 100 (%)
3Q7	40	50	50	Pr1	Analog output 3 value after fan start	3Q6 + 100 %
3Q8	40	70	70	Pr1	Analog output 3 value after fan off	3Q6 + 100 %
3Q9	40	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band start value 3	3Q7 + 100 %
3Q10	40	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band end value 3	3Q9 + 100 %
3Q11	50	50	50	Pr1	Safety value for Analog output 3	0 + 100 (%)
3Q12	0	0	0	Pr1	Regulation delay after exit from neutral zone	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q13	60	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 3 rise time	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q14	10	10	10	Pr1	Analog output 3 permanency before load activation	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q15	0	0	0	Pr1	Analog output 3 decreasing delay	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q16	150	15	15	Pr1	Analog output 3 decreasing time	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q17	10	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 3 permanency before load off	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q18	5	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 3 decreasing time after load off	0 + 255 (sec)
3Q19	4.0	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width 3	0.10÷25.00bar; 0.0÷25.0°C; 1÷250 PSI; 1÷250°F;10÷2500 KPA
3Q20	500	500	500	Pr1	Integral time 3	0÷999s; with 0 integral action excluded
3Q21	0.0	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Band offset 3	(-12.0÷12.0°C -12.00 + 12.00BAR, -120÷120°F, -120÷120PSI; -1200÷1200KPA
3Q22	4.0	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Anti reset wind-up 3	0.0÷99.0 °C; 0÷180°F; 0.00÷50.00bar; 0÷725PSI; 0÷5000kPA

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
3Q24	0	0	0	Pr1	Minimum capacity of inverter 3	0+99%; with 0 function excluded
3Q25	255	255	255	Pr1	Maximum time at minimum capacity of inverter 3	1+255min
3Q26	2	2	2	Pr1	Time at maximum capacity of inverter 3	1+255min
4Q1	-	nu	nu	Pr1	Analog output 4 function	FREE – CPR - CPR2 - FAN - FAN2 - INV F1 - INV F2 - nu
4Q2	-	Pbc4	Pbc4	Pr1	Probe for analog output 4	Pbc3(0); Pbc4(1); used with 4Q1 = 0
4Q3	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Lower limit for analog output 4	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; -58+302°F;
4Q4	-	100.0	100.0	Pr1	Upper limit for analog output 4	-1+100.00 bar; -15+750PSI; -50+150°C; -58+302°F;
4Q5	-	50	50	Pr1	Minimum value for analog output 4	0 ÷ 100 (%)
4Q6	-	50	50	Pr1	Analog output 4 value after fan start	4Q5+ 100 %
4Q7	-	70	70	Pr1	Analog output 4 value after fan off	4Q5+ 100 %
4Q8	-	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band start value 4	4Q6 + 100 %
4Q9	-	50	50	Pr1	Exclusion band end value 4	4Q8 + 100 %
4Q10	-	50	50	Pr1	Safety value for Analog output 4	0 ÷ 100 (%)
4Q11	-	0	0	Pr1	Regulation delay after neutral zone exit	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q12	-	60	60	Pr1	Analog output 4 rise time	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q13	-	10	10	Pr1	Analog output 4 permanency before load activation	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q14	-	0	0	Pr1	Analog output 4 decreasing delay	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q15	-	15	15	Pr1	Analog output 4 decreasing time	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q16	-	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 4 perm before load off	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q17	-	5	5	Pr1	Analog output 4 decreasing time after load off	0 ÷ 255 (sec)
4Q18	-	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Regulation band width 4	0.10+25.00bar; 0.0+25.0°C; 1+250 PSI; 1+250°F;10+2500 KPA
4Q19	-	500	500	Pr1	Integral time 4	0+999s; with 0 integral action excluded
4Q20	-	0.0	0.0	Pr1	Band offset 4	(-12.0+12.0°C -12.00 + 12.00BAR, -120+120°F, -120+120PSI; -1200+1200KPA
4Q21	-	4.0	4.0	Pr1	Anti reset wind-up 4	0.0+99.0 °C; 0+180°F; 0.00+50.00bar; 0+725PSI; 0+5000kPA
4Q23	-	0	0	Pr1	Minimum capacity of inverter 4	0+99%; with 0 function excluded
4Q24	-	255	255	Pr1	Maximum time at minimum capacity of inverter 4	1+255min
4Q25		2	2	Pr1	Time at maximum capacity of inverter 4	1+255min
AR1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	Set point aux relay 1	-40+110°C/-40+230°F
AR2	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	Differential for aux relay 1	0,1+25,0°C/1+50°F
AR3	CL	CL	CL	CL	Kind of aciton for aux 1	CL = cooling; Ht = heating
AR4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	Set point aux relay 2	-40+110°C/-40+230°F
AR5	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	Differential for aux relay 2	0,1+25,0°C/1+50°F
AR6	CL	CL	CL	CL	Kind of aciton for aux 2	CL = cooling; Ht = heating
AR7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	Set point aux relay 3	-40+110°C/-40+230°F
AR8	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	Differential for aux relay 3	0,1+25,0°C/1+50°F
AR9	CL	CL	CL	CL	Kind of aciton for aux 3	CL = cooling; Ht = heating
AR10	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	Set point aux relay 4	-40+110°C/-40+230°F
AR11	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	Differential for aux relay 4	0,1+25,0°C/1+50°F
AR12	CL	CL	CL	CL	Kind of aciton for aux 4	CL = cooling; Ht = heating
OT1	yES	yES	yES	yES	Alarm relay off by keyboard	no - YES
OT2	CL	CL	CL	CL	Alarm relay polarity	OP - CL
OT3	yES	yES	yES	yES	Alarm relay 1 off by keyboard	no - YES
OT4	OP	OP	OP	OP	Alarm relay 1 polarity	OP - CL
OT5	yES	yES	yES	yES	Alarm relay 2 off by keyboard	no - YES
OT6	OP	OP	OP	OP	Alarm relay 2 polarity	OP - CL

Nome	XC 1008 D	XC 1011 D	XC 1015 D	Level	Description	Range
OT7	1	1	1	1	Serial address	1 ÷ 247
OT9	NO	NO	NO	NO	Off function enabling	no - YES

**Dixell**



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